


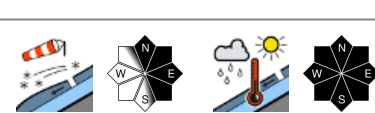
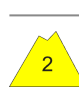
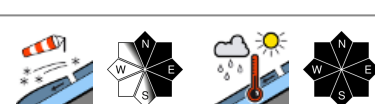


Some fresh snow at high altitudes

	Allgäuer Vorberge, Bayerische Voralpen West, Bayerische Voralpen Mitte, Bayerische Voralpen Ost, Chiemgauer Alpen West, Chiemgauer Alpen Ost, Ammergauer Alpen	
	2200 m Werdenfeller Alpen, Berchtesgadener Alpen	
	Allgäu Hauptkamm	

Avalanche problems



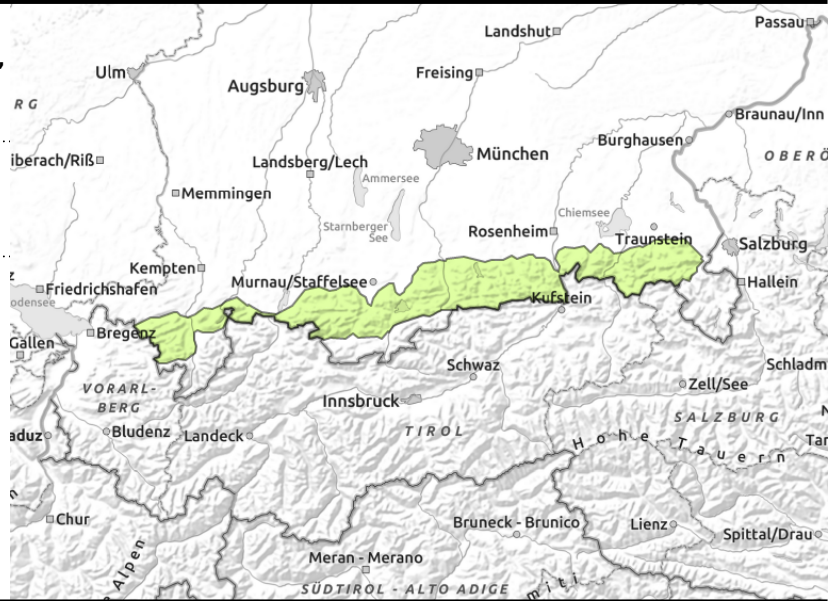
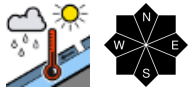
Danger ratings



Expositions



Allgäuer Vorberge, Bayerische Voralpen West, Bayerische Voralpen Mitte, Bayerische Voralpen Ost, Chiemgauer Alpen West, Chiemgauer Alpen Ost, Ammergauer Alpen



Snowpack is wet down to the ground

Avalanche danger is low. Main problem can be wet snow. Wet glide-snow avalanches can trigger naturally in steep terrain in all aspects, releases mostly small, occasionally medium-sized. In addition, on extremely steep rough and rocky slopes in all aspects, small wet loose-snow avalanches are possible, triggerable by winter sports enthusiasts in very steep terrain. Beware the risks of being swept along.

Snowpack structure

The snowpack surface is thoroughly moist. Precipitation and dropping temperatures will deposit some fresh snow atop the compact and stable snowpack, bonding well with the old snow but quickly becoming moist and forfeiting its firmness. The snowpack is often wet down to the ground. On steep slopes, gliding movements are the result. Below 1500 m, hardly any snow on the ground, even on north-facing slopes.

Outlook

Avalanche danger levels are not expected to change significantly.

Avalanche problems



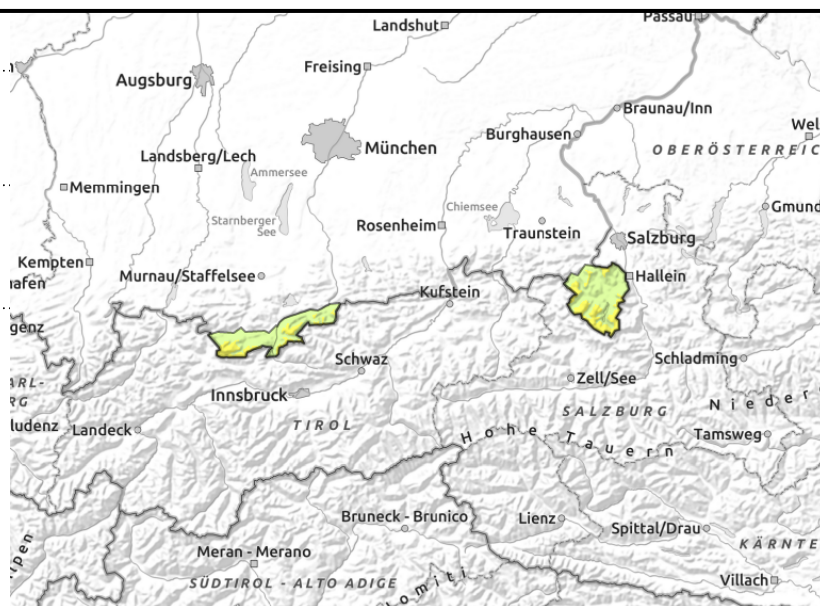
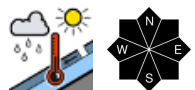
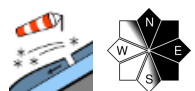
Danger ratings



Expositions



Werdenfeller Alpen, Berchtesgadener Alpen



Often trigger-prone snowdrift accumulations at high altitude

Avalanche danger above 2200 m is moderate, below that altitude danger is low. Main problem: fresh snowdrifts. Slab avalanches (small-to-medium) can trigger in some places by 1 person. Danger zones occur in steep rigeline terrain on N/E/SE facing slopes and in wind-loaded gullies and bowls. Beware the dangers of taking a fall.

In addition, wet snow can be a problem. Wherever smooth grass-covered slopes still have sufficient snow, wet glide-snow avalanches can release at any time of day or night. Danger zones occur seldom but in all aspects at higher altitudes. Glide-snow avalanches are usually small, can also be triggered by winter sports enthusiasts as moist loose-snow slides in steep terrain, and can trigger naturally in steep rocky terrain.

Snowpack structure

The snowpack surface is thoroughly moist. Precipitation and dropping temperatures will deposit some fresh snow atop the compact and stable snowpack, bonding well with the old snow but quickly becoming moist and forfeiting its firmness. The snowpack is often wet down to the ground. On steep slopes, gliding movements are the result. Below 1500 m, hardly any snow on the ground, even on north-facing slopes.

Outlook

On Sunday, higher temperatures, wet snow will be at the forefront of the risks.

Avalanche problems



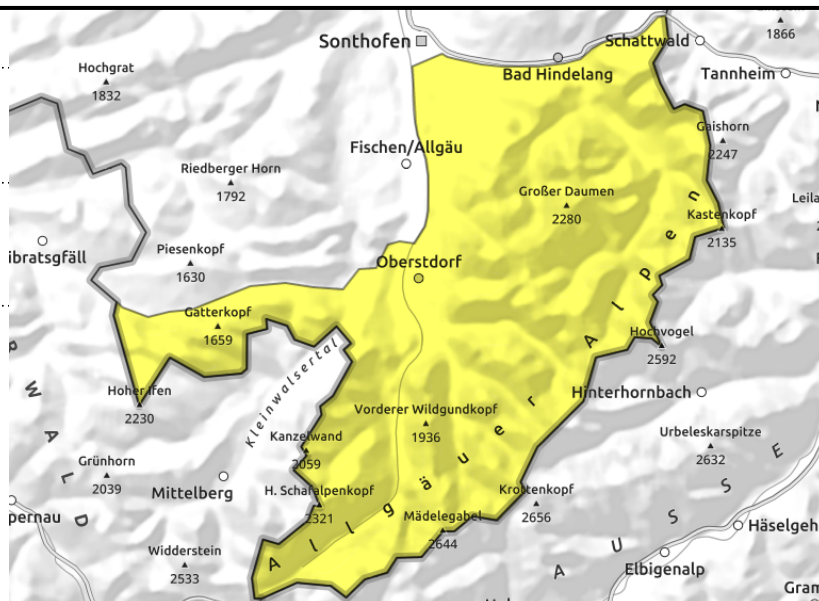
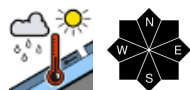
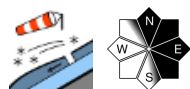
Danger ratings



Expositions



Allgäuer Hauptkamm



Up above, snowdrift accumulations, down below wet snow

Avalanche danger m is moderate. Main problem: snowdrift accumulations. Slab avalanches (small-to-medium) can trigger in some places by 1 person. Danger zones occur in steep rigeline terrain on N/E/SE facing slopes and in wind-loaded gullies and bowls.

In addition, on extremely steep rough and rocky slopes in all aspects, small wet loose-snow avalanches are possible, triggerable by winter sports enthusiasts in very steep terrain. Beware the dangers of taking a fall. Glide-snow avalanches are usually small, can also be triggered by winter sports enthusiasts as moist loose-snow slides in steep terrain, and can trigger naturally in steep rocky terrain.

Snowpack structure

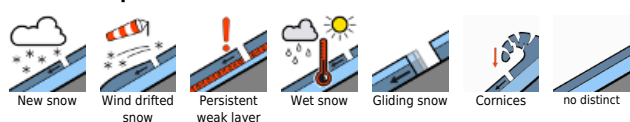
The snowpack surface is thoroughly moist. Precipitation and dropping temperatures will deposit some fresh snow atop the compact and stable snowpack, bonding well with the old snow but quickly becoming moist and forfeiting its firmness. Winds will be westerly and gusty, generating fresh snowdrift accumulations whose trigger sensitivity and size increase with ascending altitude. The snowpack is often wet down to the ground. On steep slopes, gliding movements are the result. Below 1500 m, hardly any snow on the ground, even on north-facing slopes.

Outlook

On Sunday, higher temperatures, wet snow will be at the forefront of the risks.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, www.creativtrans.com

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



Expositions

