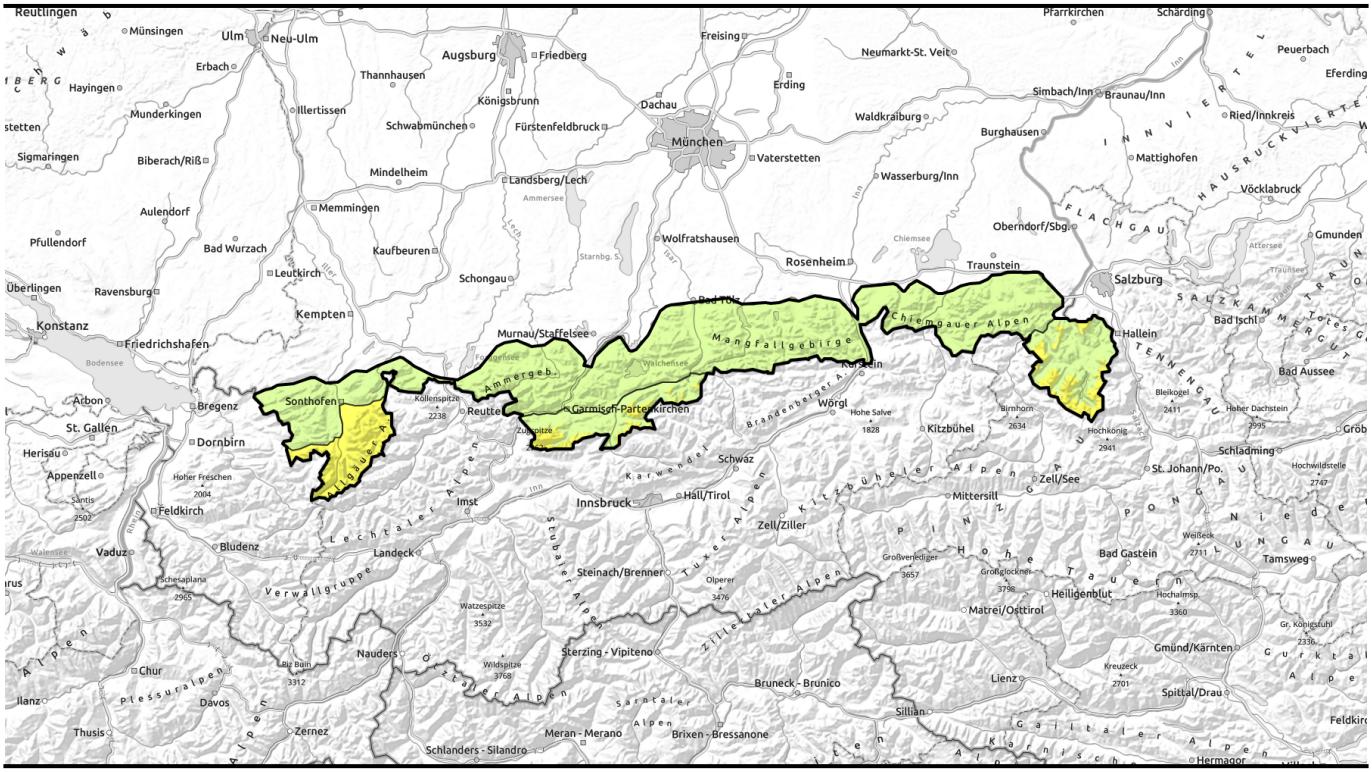
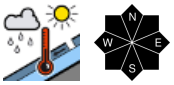
Report from 14.03.2024, 18:00 h *by Lawinenwarndienst Bayern*

valid until: Friday, 15.03.2024, 18:00 h



Mild temperatures and rain showers melt the snow

1	Allgäuer Vorberge, Bayerische Voralpen West, Bayerische Voralpen Mitte, Bayerische Voralpen Ost, Chiemgauer Alpen West, Chiemgauer Alpen Ost, Ammergauer Alpen	
2	Allgäuer Hauptkamm	
2 1 2200 m	Werdenfelser Alpen, Berchtesgadener Alpen	

Avalanche problems

Danger ratings

1	2	3	4	5
low	moderate	considerable	high	very high

Expositions

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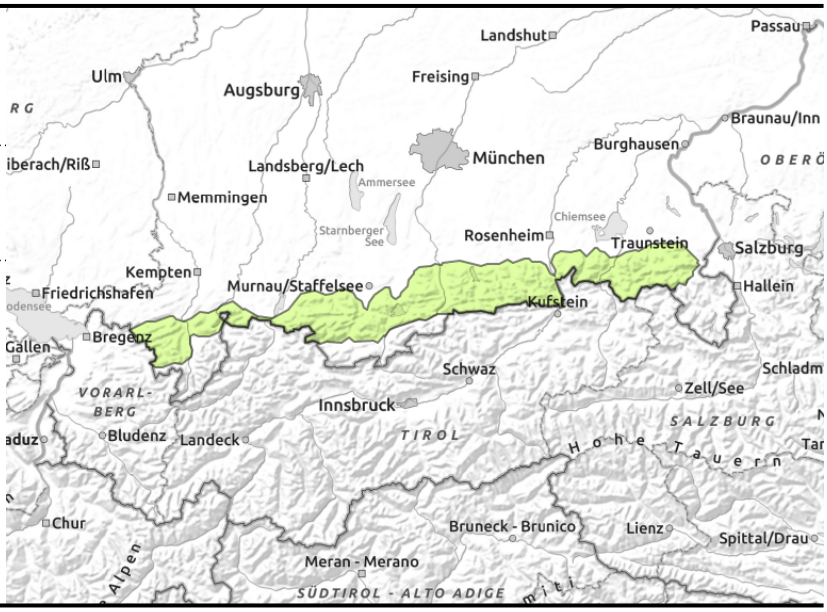
Allgäuer Vorberge, Bayerische Voralpen West, Bayerische Voralpen Mitte, Bayerische Voralpen Ost, Chiemgauer Alpen West, Chiemgauer Alpen Ost, Ammergauer Alpen



Dry powder is rare

Avalanche danger is low. Main problem can be wet snow. Wet glide-snow avalanches can trigger naturally in steep terrain in all aspects, releases mostly small, occasionally medium-sized. In addition, on extremely steep rough and rocky slopes in all aspects, small wet loose-snow avalanches are possible, triggerable by winter sports enthusiasts in very steep terrain. Beware the risks of being swept along.

Snowpack structure

The snowpack surface is moist, during nights of clear skies it forms a thin melt-freeze crust which rapidly softens during the day if temperatures are mild, becoming moist and forfeiting its firmness. Recent snowdrift accumulations have settled, still trigger-prone on high ridgeline and summit slopes in shady aspects. The old snowpack is stable, moist and wet at ground level. Below 1500 m, hardly any snow on the ground, even on north-facing slopes.

Outlook

The weekend will begin with variably cloudy skies, snowfall level will drop. At high altitudes the danger of dry-snow avalanches can increase somewhat.

Avalanche problems

New snow | Wind drifted snow | Persistent weak layer | Wet snow | Gliding snow | Cornices | no distinct

Danger ratings

1	2	3	4	5
low	moderate	considerable	high	very high

Expositions

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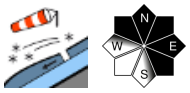
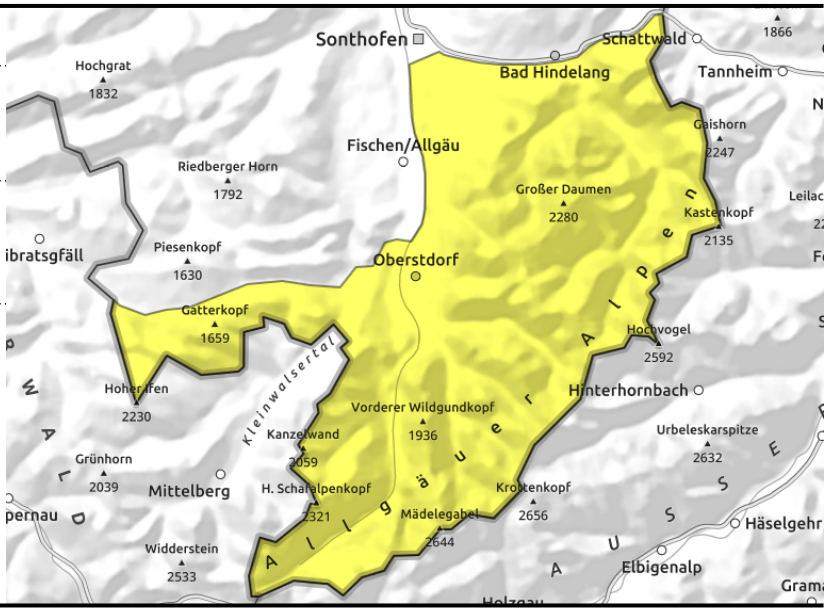
Allgäuer Hauptkamm





Cautious route selection necessary, esp. the ascent

Avalanche danger is moderate. Main problem: wet snow. On extremely steep rough and rocky slopes in all aspects, small wet loose-snow and glide-snow avalanches are possible, triggerable by winter sports enthusiasts in very steep terrain. Avoid zones below glide cracks.
Slab avalanches (small-to-medium) can trigger in some places by 1 person. Danger zones occur in steep rigeline terrain on N/E facing slopes and in wind-loaded gullies and bowls.
On smooth slopes, isolated glide-snow avalanches can trigger, releases mostly small.

Snowpack structure

The snowpack surface is moist, during nights of clear skies it forms a thin melt-freeze crust which rapidly softens during the day if temperatures are mild, becoming moist and forfeiting its firmness. Recent snowdrift accumulations have settled, still trigger-prone on high ridgeline and summit slopes in shady aspects. Dry powder is rare. Amounts of snow on the ground decrease further east. Winds are generateing small trigger-prone snowdrift accumulations. The old snowpack is stable, moist and wet at ground level. Below 1500 m, hardly any snow on the ground, even on north-facing slopes.

Outlook

The weekend will begin with variably cloudy skies, snowfall level will drop. At high altitudes the danger of dry-snow avalanches can increase somewhat.

Avalanche problems

Danger ratings

Expositions

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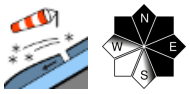
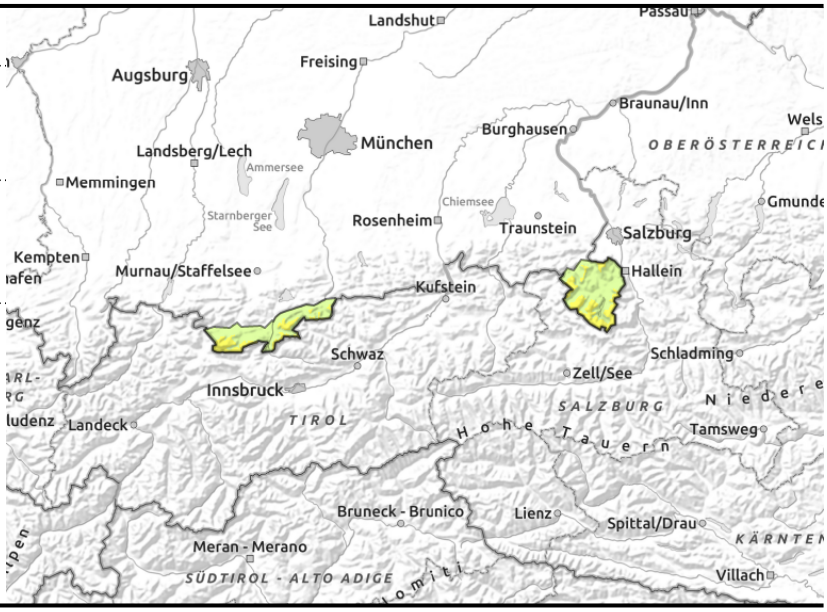
Werdenfelser Alpen, Berchtesgadener Alpen

2200 m





Snowdrift accumulations at high altitudes

Avalanche dangre above 2200 m is moderate, below that altitude danger is low. Main problem: snowdrift accumulations. Slab avalanches (small-to-medium) can trigger in some places by 1 person. Danger zones occur in steep rigeline terrain on NW/N/E facing slopes and in wind-loaded gullies and bowls.

On very steep smooth slopes, glide-snow avalanches can trigger, releases mostly small. In addition, on extremely steep rough and rocky slopes in all aspects, small wet loose-snow avalanches are possible, triggerable by winter sports enthusiasts in very steep terrain. Beware the dangers of taking a fall.

Snowpack structure

The snowpack surface is moist, during nights of clear skies it forms a thin melt-freeze crust which rapidly softens during the day if temperatures are mild, becoming moist and forfeiting its firmness. Recent snowdrift accumulations have settled, still trigger-prone on high ridgeline and summit slopes in shady aspects. Dry powder is rare. Amounts of snow on the ground decrease further east. Winds are generateing small trigger-prone snowdrift accumulations. The old snowpack is stable, moist and wet at ground level. Below 1500 m, hardly any snow on the ground, even on north-facing slopes.

Outlook

The weekend will begin with variably cloudy skies, snowfall level will drop. At high altitudes the danger of dry-snow avalanches will increase somewhat.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, www.creativtrans.com

Avalanche problems

Danger ratings

Expositions