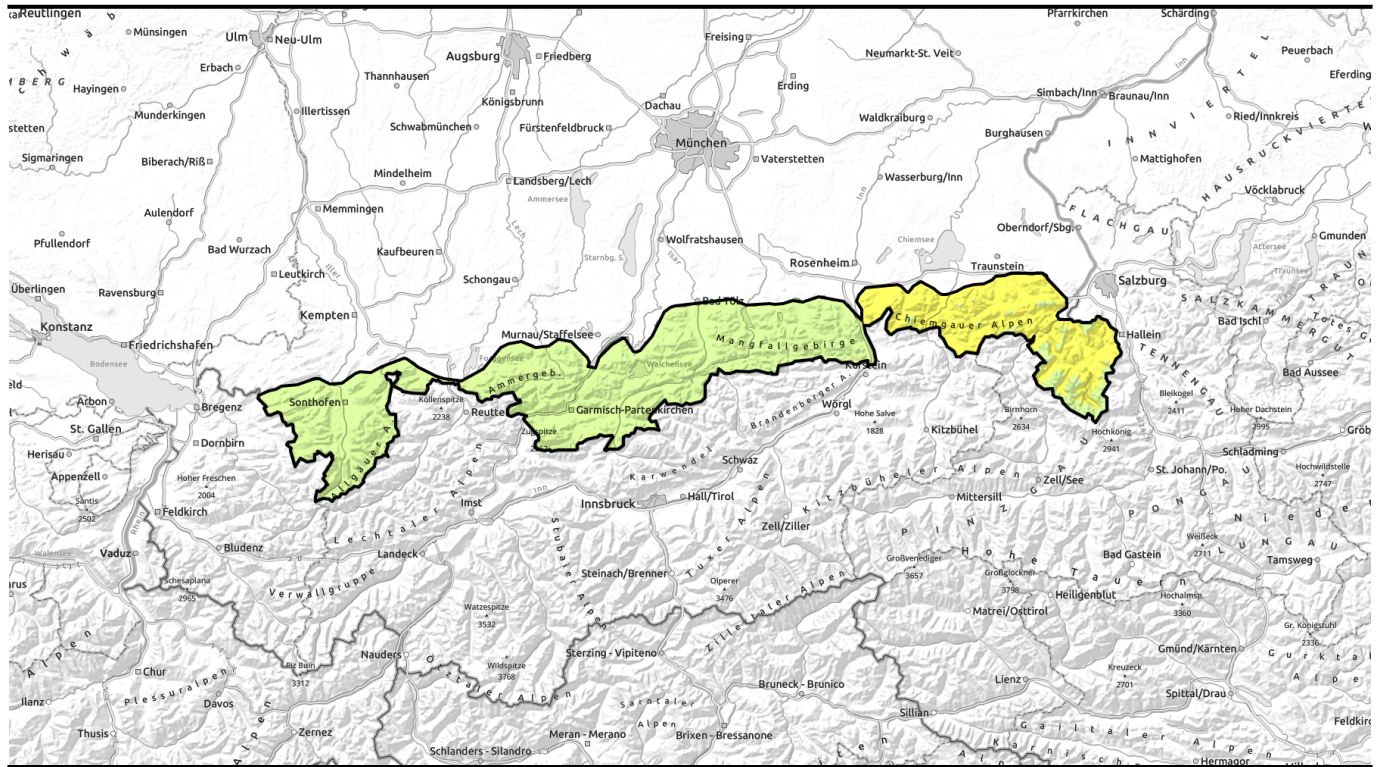


Avalanche report for Sunday, 19.02.2023



Still possibility of glide snow and wet snow avalanches because of light rainfall

	Allgäuer Vorberge, Ammergauer Alpen, Bayerische Voralpen West, Bayerische Voralpen Mitte, Bayerische Voralpen Ost, Allgäuer Hauptkamm, Werdenfeller Alpen	
	Chiemgauer Alpen West, Chiemgauer Alpen Ost, Berchtesgadener Alpen	

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings

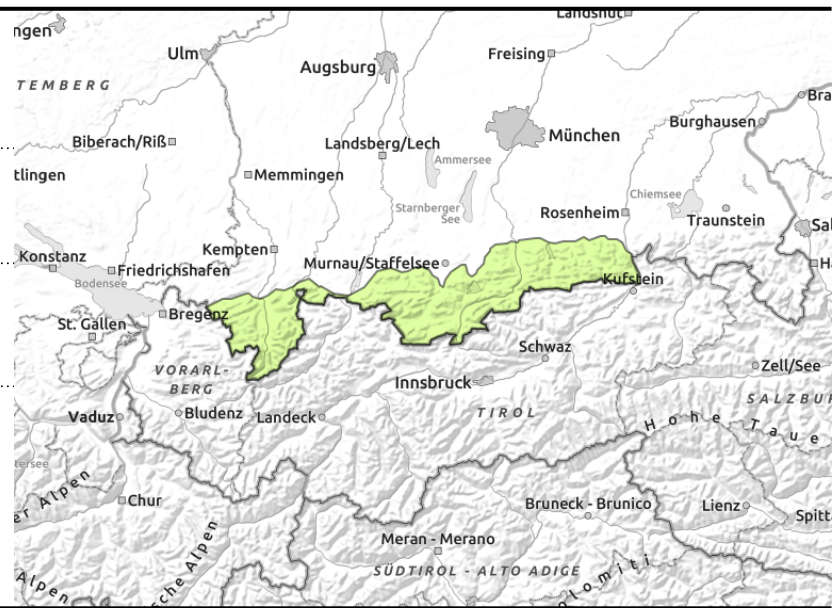
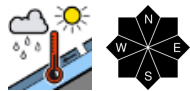
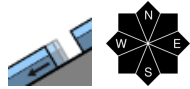


Expositions



Avalanche report for Sunday, 19.02.2023

Allgäuer Vorberge, Ammergauer Alpen, Bayerische Voralpen West, Bayerische Voralpen Mitte, Bayerische Voralpen Ost, Allgäuer Hauptkamm, Werdenfelser Alpen



Little and thoroughly moist snow at intermediate altitudes; small-scale snowdrifts at high altitudes

Avalanche danger is low. Main problem: wet snow. During the course of the day, smaller wet snow avalanches can trigger naturally. On steep grass-covered slopes and in sparsely wooded zones small (in isolated cases medium-sized) glide snow avalanches can slide over the smooth ground. Glide cracks indicate danger.

In addition, partly fresh, shallow snowdrift accumulations can be triggered as slab avalanches in N/E aspects in steep ridgeline terrain at high altitude. The danger of taking a fall in steep terrain outweighs that of being buried in snow masses.

Snowpack structure

The old snowpack has generally settled well and consolidated. Due to slight rainwater ingress and daytime warming the snowpack is becoming thoroughly moist which is associated with a loss of firmness. On sunny slopes the ground is becoming more and more bare up to intermediate altitudes. At high altitude strong westerly winds and some snowfall are generating snowdrift accumulations which are partly prone to triggering. Only on shady high altitude slopes are there still patches of compact powder.

Outlook

Avalanche danger does not change significantly.

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings

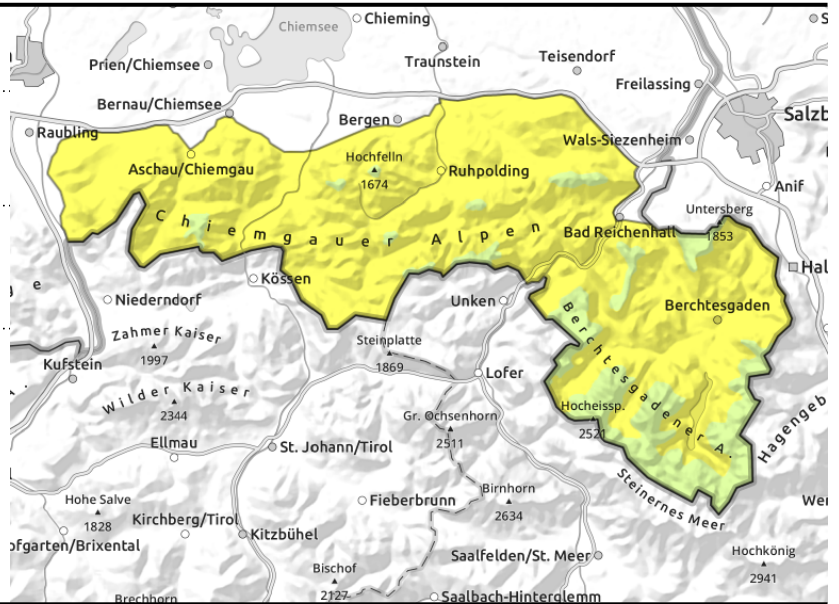
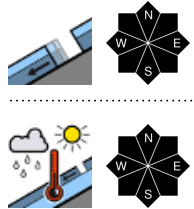


Expositions



Avalanche report for **Sunday, 19.02.2023**

Chiemgauer Alpen West, Chiemgauer Alpen Ost, Berchtesgadener Alpen



Rainfall at intermediate altitudes; small-scale snowdrifts at high altitudes

Avalanche danger below 1800 m is moderate; higher up it is low. Main problem: wet snow. During the course of the day, a few small wet snow avalanches can trigger naturally. On steep grass-covered slopes and in sparsely wooded zones small to medium-sized glide snow avalanches can slide over the smooth ground. Glide cracks indicate danger.

In addition, partly fresh, shallow snowdrift accumulations can be triggered as slab avalanches in N/E aspects in steep ridgeline terrain at high altitude. The danger of taking a fall in steep terrain outweighs that of being buried in snow masses.

Snowpack structure

The old snowpack has generally settled well and consolidated. At intermediate altitude the snowpack is becoming thoroughly moist due to penetrating rainwater throughout the day and daytime warming. As a consequence it forfeits its firmness. On sunny slopes the ground is becoming more and more bare up to intermediate altitudes. At high altitude strong westerly winds and some snowfall are generating snowdrift accumulations which are partly prone to triggering. Only on shady high altitude slopes are there still patches of compact powder.

Outlook

Avalanche danger does not change significantly.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, www.creativtrans.com

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



Expositions

