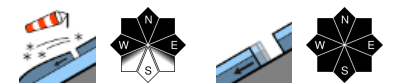


## Pay close heed to fresh and older snowdrifts. Glide-snow avalanches persist.

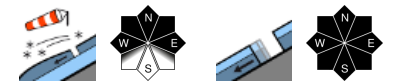


Lechquellengebirge, Lechtaler Alpen, Verwall, Rätikon West, Rätikon Ost, Silvretta

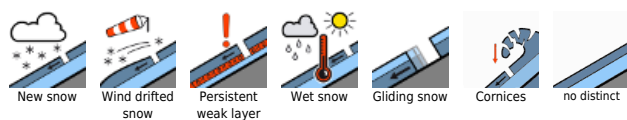


2000 m

Voralpenbereich, Bregenzerwaldgebirge, Allgäuer Alpen



### Avalanche problems



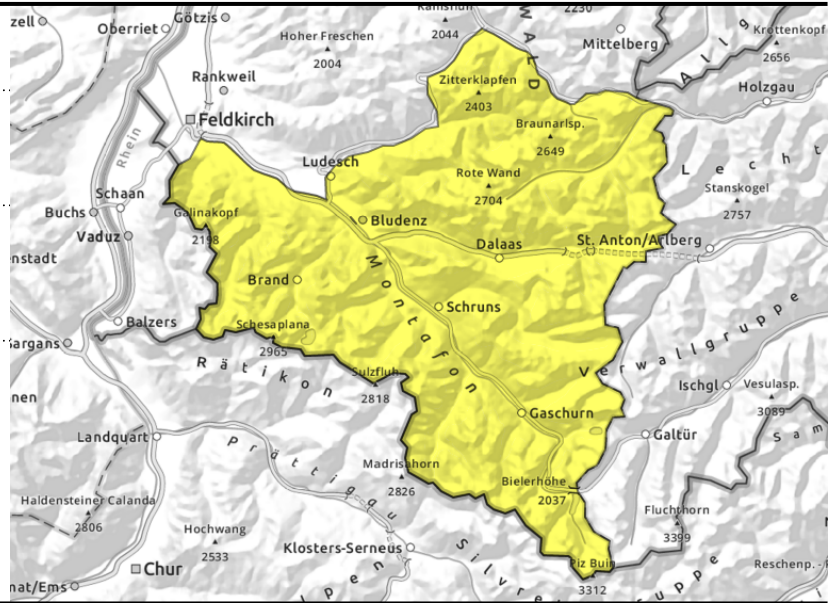
### Danger ratings



### Expositions



**Lechquellengebirge, Lechtaler Alpen, Verwall, Rätikon West, Rätikon Ost, Silvretta**



>2000 steep ridgeline terrain, behind discontinuities, in wind-loaded gullies and bowls



<2600 m glide-snow avalanches on steep smooth slopes

**Main danger: fresh and older snowdrift accumulations**

Fresh and older snowdrifts are the main danger. Danger zones occur in steep ridgeline terrain, behind discontinuities and in wind-loaded gullies and bowls and increase in size and frequency with ascending altitude. A small-to-medium slab avalanche or loose-snow avalanche can be triggered by 1 person (in high-alpine terrain larger). Activities in backcountry demand experience in outlying terrain and the ability to assess avalanche dangers on-site, as well as a cautious route selection. Glide-snow avalanches can trigger below 2600 m at any time of day or night and reach large size. Caution urged below glide cracks. With daytime warming, loose snowslides are possible in sunny steep rocky terrain.

**Snowpack structure**

Some fresh snow and southerly winds generated small trigger-prone snowdrift accumulations on Tuesday. Fresh and older snowdrifts lie deposited on high-altitude shady slopes atop soft layers or atop older snowdrifts on high-altitude shady slopes, otherwise atop a hard old snowpack surface. Bonding deteriorates with ascending altitude. Weak trigger-prone layers are evident inside the fresh snowdrift accumulations. On high-altitude shady slopes the surface is powdery, elsewhere there are often melt-freeze crusts and wind crusts evident. Warm ground and the wet snowpack base reinforce the gliding movements of the entire snowpack. Frequent glide-snow avalanches have been reported.

**Weather**

Nocturnal hours: Some minor snowfall possible in the evening, the night will be cloudy but dry.  
Wednesday daytime: Gray skies, a bit of snowfall. Increasing sunshine, starting in Rätikon and Silvretta, especially in high alpine regions. At 2000 m: -1 degree. Light to moderate S/E winds.

**Outlook**

Slightly foehn-impacted conditions, radiant sunshine. Danger of dry-snow avalanches will continue to recede. Glide-snow avalanches are still possible.

**Avalanche problems**



**Danger ratings**







**Expositions**

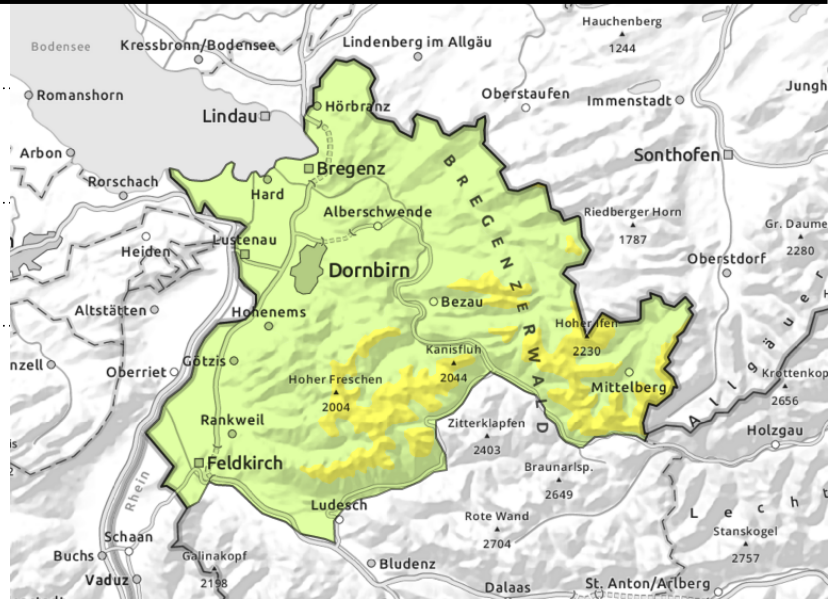


**Voralpenbereich, Bregenzerwaldgebirge, Allgäuer Alpen**



  high ridgeline terrain, wind-loaded gullies and bowls

  steep smooth slopes and hillsides



**Older snowdrift accumulations are the main danger**

Main danger: older snowdrifts. Danger zones occur in steep ridgeline terrain, behind discontinuities and in wind-loaded gullies and bowls and increase in size and frequency with ascending altitude. A small-to-medium slab avalanche or loose-snow avalanche can be triggered by 1 person (sometimes larger). Beware the dangers of being swept along and forced to take a fall. Glide-snow avalanches are still possible, esp. with solar radiation. Caution urged below glide cracks.

**Snowpack structure**

Some fresh snow and southerly winds generated small trigger-prone snowdrift accumulations on Tuesday. Fresh and older snowdrifts lie deposited on high-altitude shady slopes atop soft layers or atop older snowdrifts on high-altitude shady slopes. Bonding deteriorates with ascending altitude. Weak trigger-prone layers are evident inside the fresh snowdrift accumulations. Warm ground and the wet snowpack base reinforce the gliding movements of the entire snowpack. Below 1400 m there is little snow on the ground.

**Weather**

Nocturnal hours: Some minor snowfall possible in the evening, the night will be cloudy but dry.

Wednesday daytime: Gray skies, a bit of snowfall. Increasing sunshine, starting in Rätikon and Silvretta, especially in high alpine regions. At 2000 m: -1 degree. Light to moderate S/E winds.

**Outlook**

Slightly foehn-impacted conditions, radiant sunshine. Danger of dry-snow avalanches will continue to recede. Glide-snow avalanches are still possible.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, [www.creativtrans.com](http://www.creativtrans.com)

**Avalanche problems**



**Danger ratings**



**Expositions**

