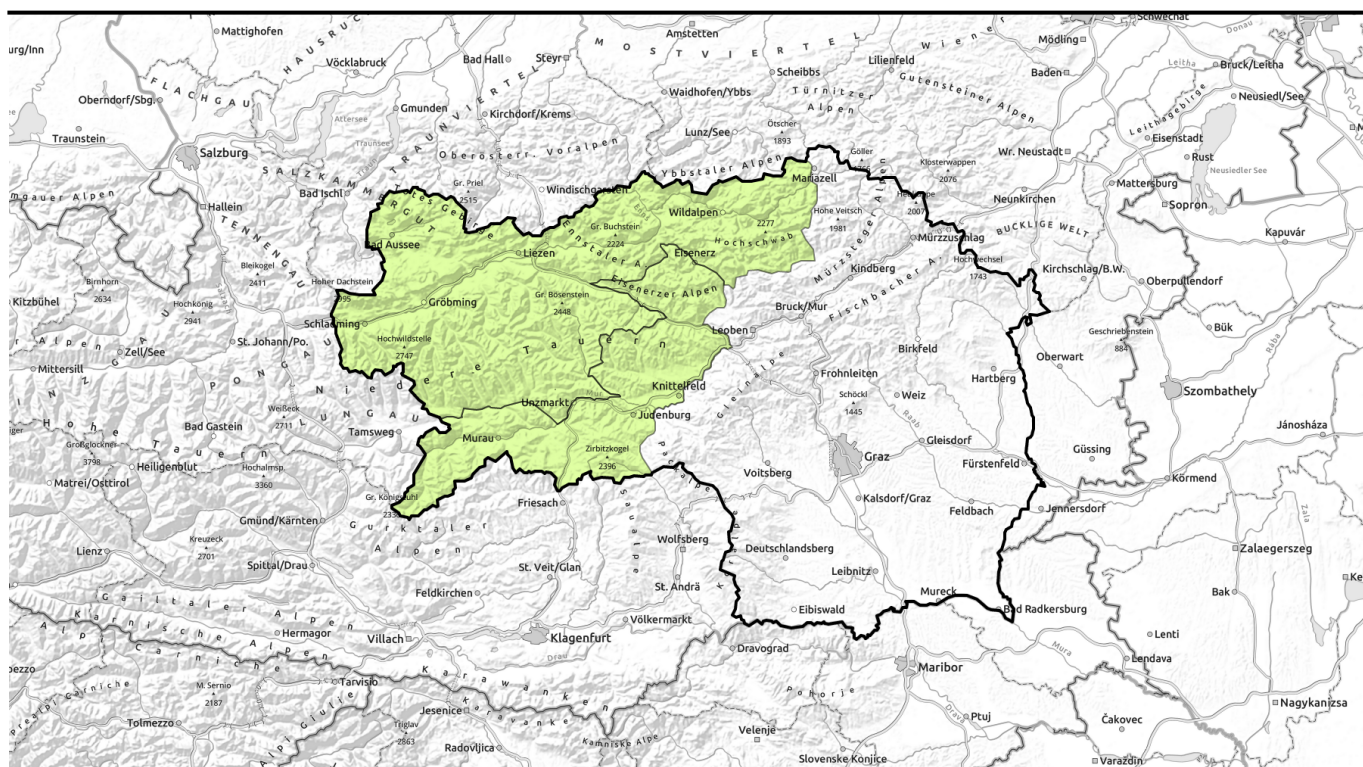






morning



Beware starting zones: naturally triggered avalanches in very steep terrain

	Triebener Tauern, Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Schladminger Tauern Nord, Schladminger Tauern Süd, Südliche Wölzer Tauern, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Rottenmanner Tauern, Ennstaler Alpen, Hochschwabgebiet	
	Eisenerzer Alpen, Gaaler Alpen, Seetaler Alpen, Gurktaler Alpen	

Avalanche problems



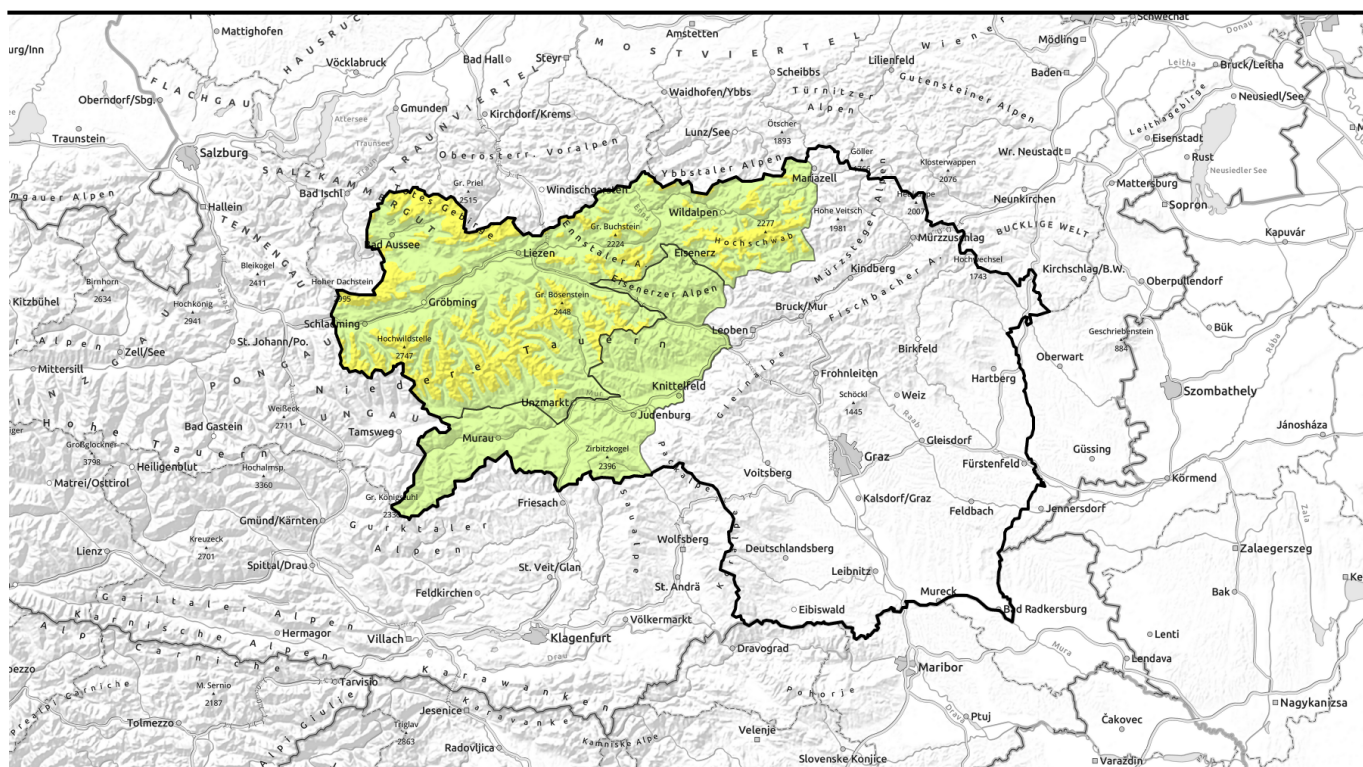
Danger ratings



Expositions



afternoon



Einzugsbereiche spontaner Lawinen aus sehr steilem Gelände beachten!

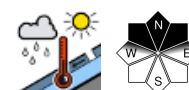


Triebener Tauern, Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Schladminger Tauern Nord, Schladminger Tauern Süd, Südliche Wölzer Tauern, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Rottenmanner Tauern, Ennstaler Alpen, Hochschwabgebiet

1800 m



Eisenerzer Alpen, Gaaler Alpen, Seetaler Alpen, Gurktaler Alpen



Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



Expositions



morning

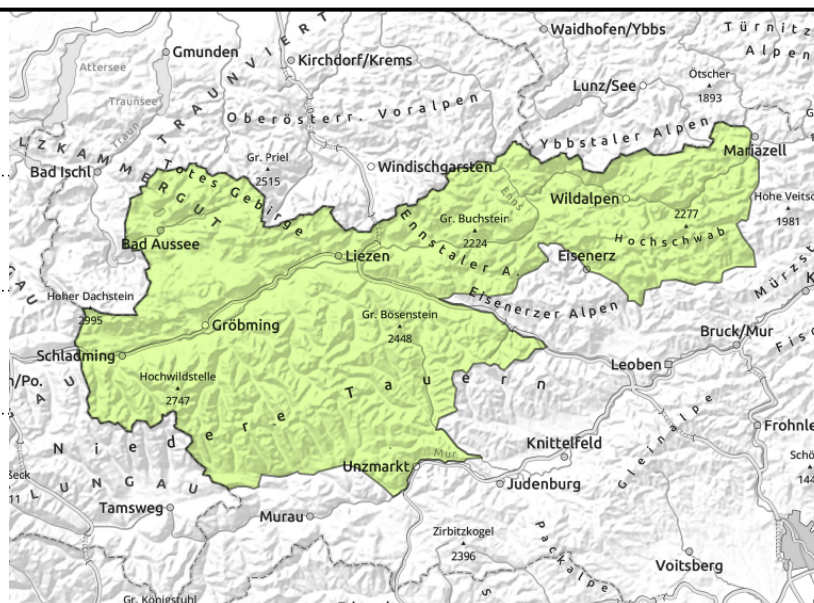
Triebener Tauern, Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Schladminger Tauern Nord, Schladminger Tauern Süd, Südliche Wölzer Tauern, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Rottenmanner Tauern, Ennstaler Alpen, Hochschwabgebiet



in extremely steep terrain



daytime cycle of naturally triggered releases



Increasing avalanche danger as day progresses due to wet snowpack

Avalanche danger will increase regionally during the course of the day from low to moderate. Main problem: glide-snow avalanches, possibly triggering naturally at any time of day or night in very steep terrain and plummeting down to zones where the slopes are bare of snow. In addition, wet-snow avalanches can trigger during the daytime, esp. in high-altitude terrain where there is sufficient snow on the ground. In steep terrain, small-to-medium avalanches can slide naturally or be triggered.

Snowpack structure

Due to nocturnal outgoing radiation, a thin melt-freeze crust forms, then quickly softens in daytime due to solar radiation and mild temperatures. The snowpack is isotherm and moist up to summit levels, inner loss of firmness increases during the course of the day. The wet snowpack can also glide downhill over smooth ground at any time. A cohesive snowpack exists only at high altitudes. The slopes are becoming bare of snow.

Weather

On Saturday, sunny and cloudless skies, only thin cirrus clouds will traverse from the northwest.

Winds will intensify slightly from W/NW. It will be quite warm. AT 2000 m: +10 degrees.

Also on Sunday, sunny and very warm, temperatures reaching the apex in this period. At 2000 m: +10 degrees, strong NW winds.

Outlook

On Monday a notable change in weather, cooler temperatures and precipitation. The next Avalanche Bulletin will be published on Sunday.

Avalanche problems



New snow Wind drifted snow Persistent weak layer Wet snow Gliding snow Cornices no distinct

Danger ratings



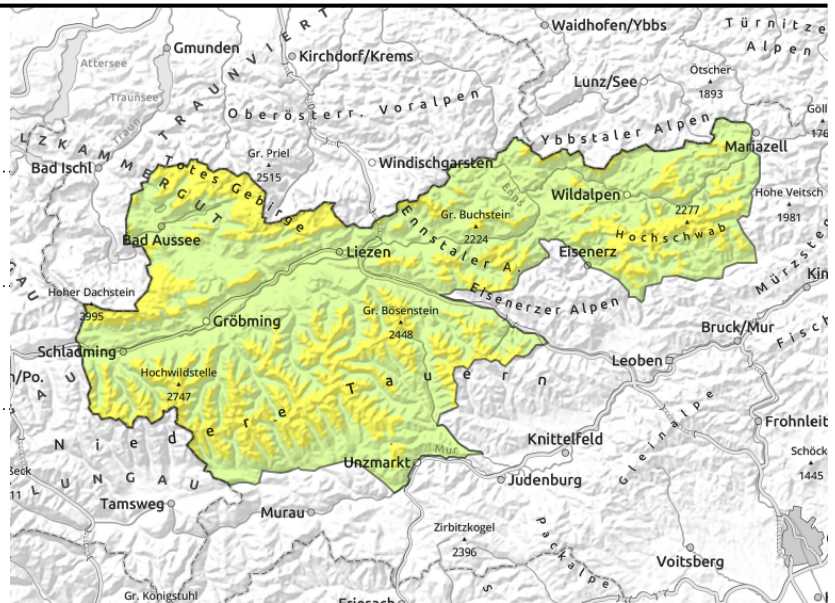
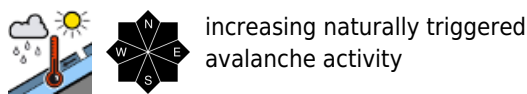
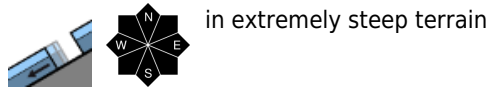
1 low 2 moderate 3 considerable 4 high 5 very high

Expositions



afternoon

Triebener Tauern, Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Schladminger Tauern Nord, Schladminger Tauern Süd, Südliche Wölzer Tauern, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Rottenmanner Tauern, Ennstaler Alpen, Hochschwabgebiet



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Avalanche problems



Danger ratings

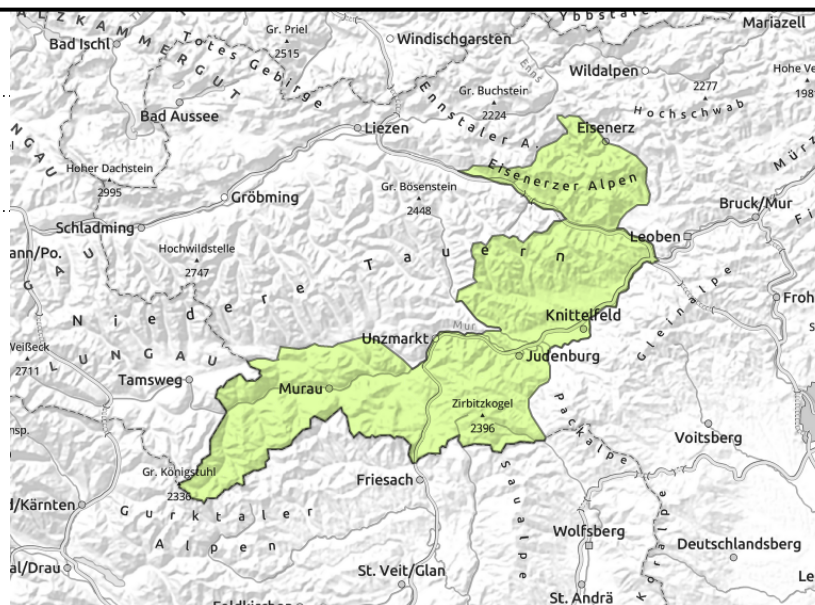
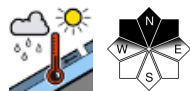


Expositions



morning

Eisenerzer Alpen, Gaaler Alpen, Seetaler Alpen, Gurktaler Alpen



Low danger, only little snow on the ground

Very isolated wet-snow slides on steep north-facing slopes/gullies

Snowpack structure

The wet snowpack can glide over smooth ground at any time. The slopes are rapidly becoming bare of snow.

Weather

On Saturday, sunny and cloudless skies, only thin cirrus clouds will traverse from the northwest.

Winds will intensify slightly from W/NW. It will be quite warm. AT 2000 m: +10 degrees.

Also on Sunday, sunny and very warm, temperatures reaching the pinnacle for this period. At 2000 m: +10 degrees, strong NW winds.

Outlook

Avalanche danger levels are not expected to change significantly.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, www.creativtrans.com

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



Expositions

