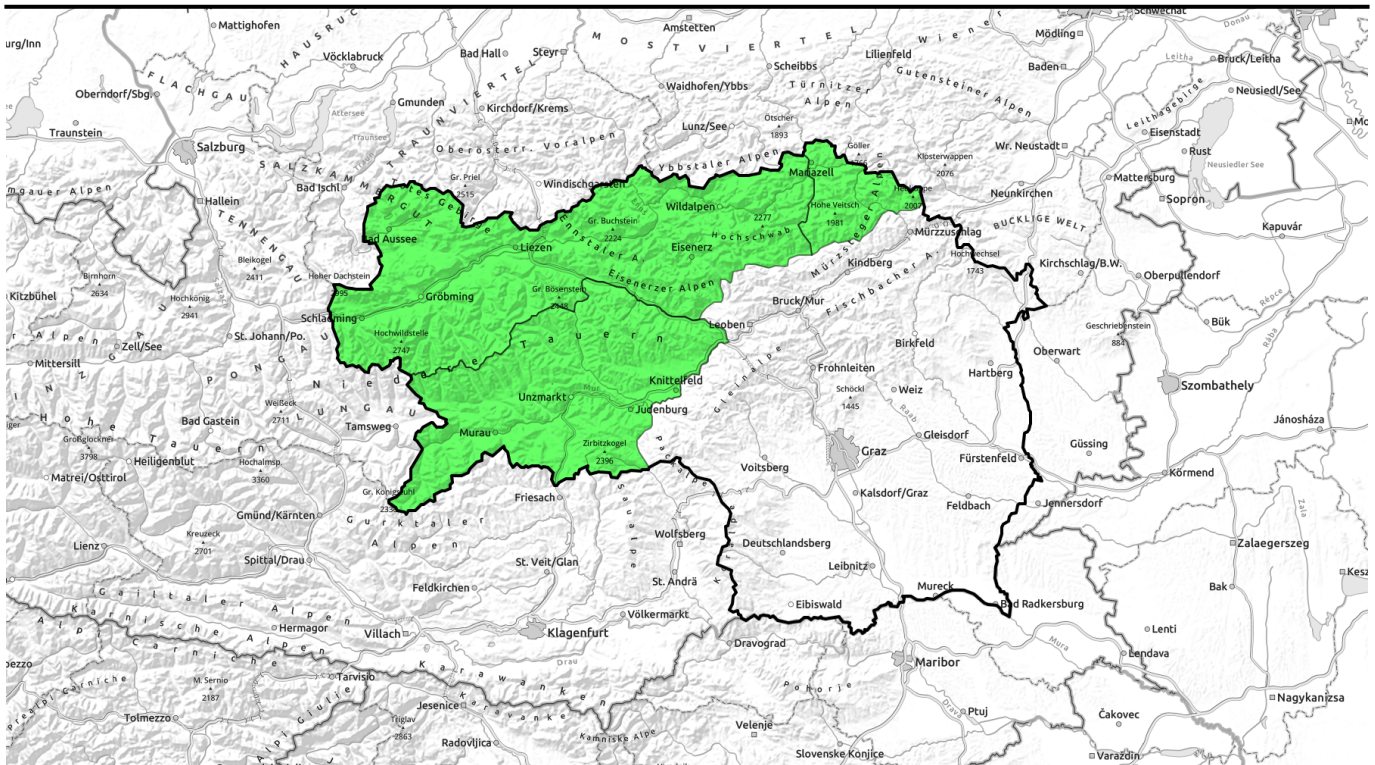


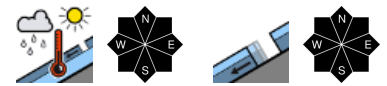
# 13.04.2022, morning



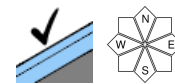
## Springtime conditions, daytime danger cycle - Launch backcountry tours early!



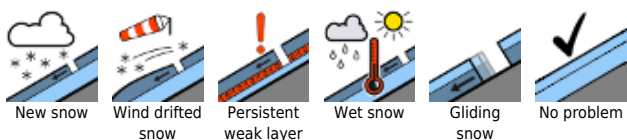
Hochschwabgebiet, Eisenerzer Alpen, Ennstaler Alpen, Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Rottenmanner Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Nord



Seetaler Alpen, Gurktaler Alpen, Mürzsteger Alpen, Seckauer Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Süd, Südliche Wölzer Tauern



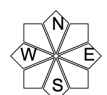
### Avalanche problems



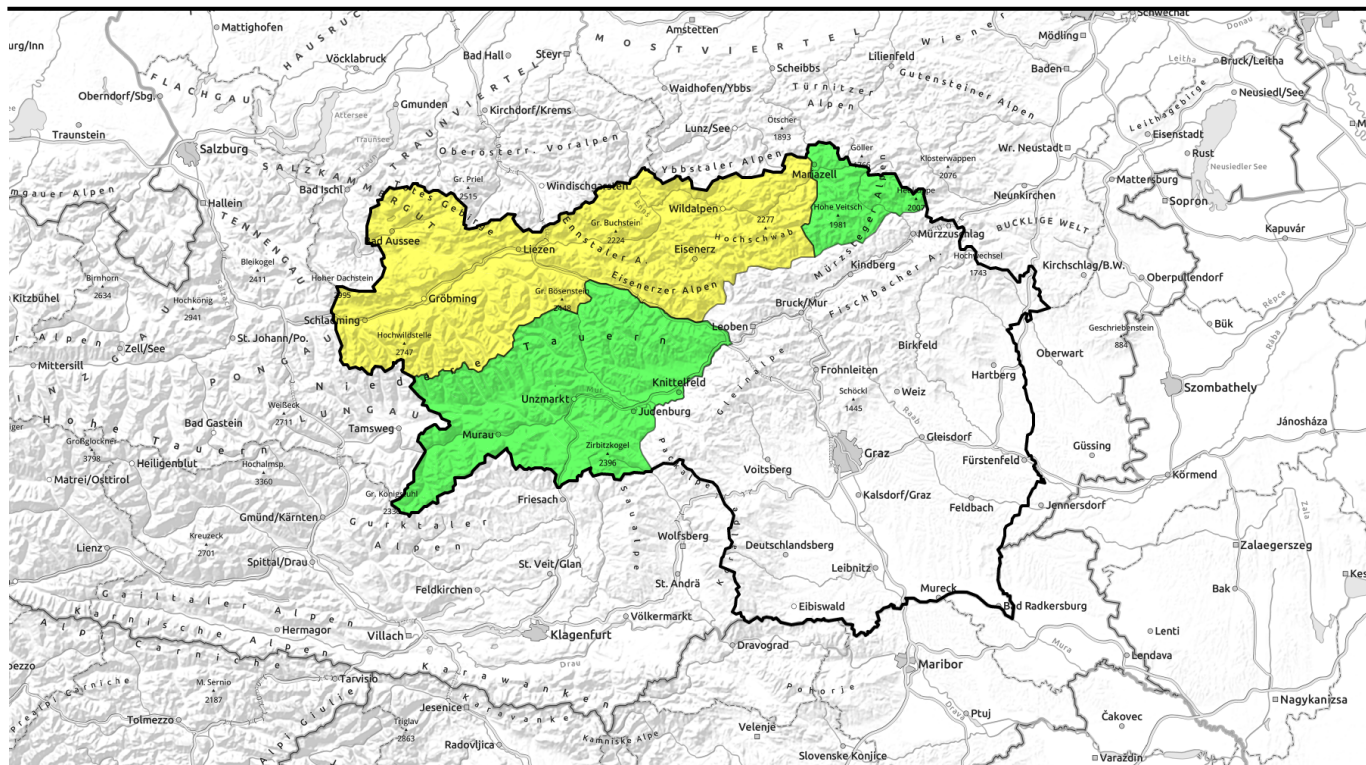
### Danger ratings



### Expositions



# 13.04.2022, afternoon



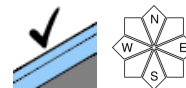
## Frühjahrsbedingungen mit Tagesgang - Touren zeitig starten!



Hochschwabgebiet, Eisenerzer Alpen, Ennstaler Alpen, Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Rottenmann Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Nord



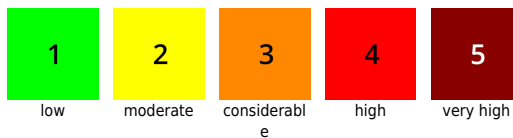
Seetaler Alpen, Gurktaler Alpen, Mürzsteger Alpen, Seckauer Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Süd, Südliche Wölzer Tauern



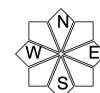
### Avalanche problems



### Danger ratings



### Expositions



# 13.04.2022, morning

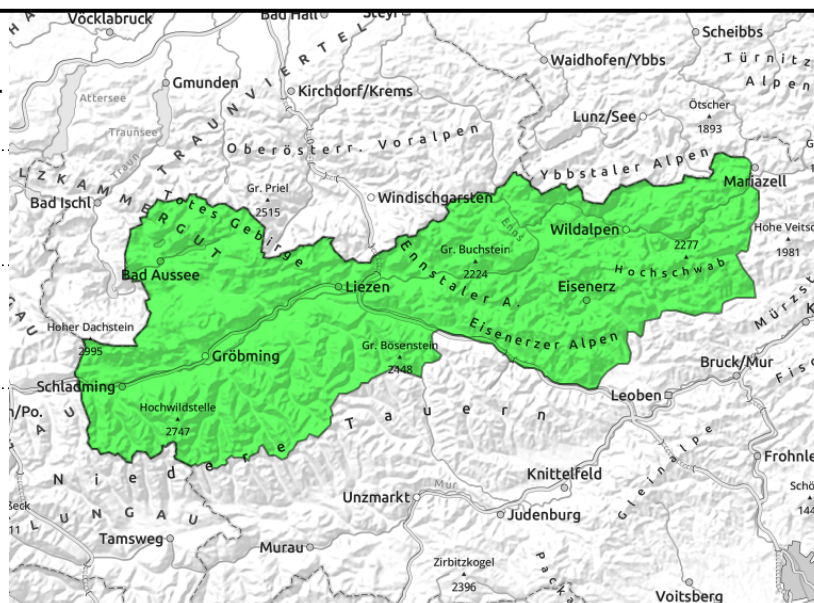
**Hochschwabgebiet, Eisenerzer Alpen, Ennstaler Alpen, Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Rottenmanner Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Nord**



daytime cycle of naturally triggered avalanches



possible at any time of day or night



## Daytime increase in avalanche danger. Wet-snow problem.

Avalanche danger increases from low to moderate in the course of the day due to mild temperatures and solar radiation. Main danger: naturally triggered or skier-triggered (minimum additional loading) wet-snow avalanches on steep not-yet-discharged slopes. Also, the likelihood of glide-snow avalanches is increasing. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

At higher altitudes in steep terrain, older snowdrift accumulations can be triggered as slab avalanches by large additional loading.

### Snowpack structure

Due to nocturnal outgoing longwave radiation, the snowpack is able to regain some firmness during the nighttime hours. Due to very mild temperatures and solar radiation during the daytime, the melt-freeze crust softens quickly, especially on south-facing slopes. The snowpack is isotherm to over 2000 m and the destabilization progresses at varying speed, depending on altitude and aspect. The snowdrifts at high altitudes have settled well, are prone to triggering only in few places.

### Weather

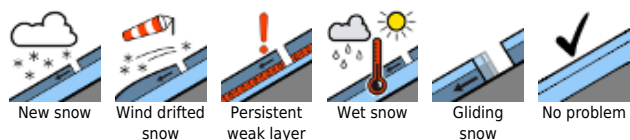
On Wednesday, frequent sunshine, a few high-altitude clouds in western regions of Upper Styria will pass through. Brisk SE winds, very mild. At 2000 m: +6 degrees; at 1500 m: +12 degrees. Winds are strongest in the NE regions.

On Thursday, no change in weather conditions, but from Niedere Tauern to Totes Gebirge some intermediate-altitude clouds will become evident.

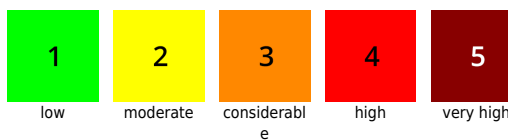
### Outlook

Springtime conditions, daytime danger cycle due to wet-snow problem and slopes becoming bare of snow.

#### Avalanche problems



#### Danger ratings

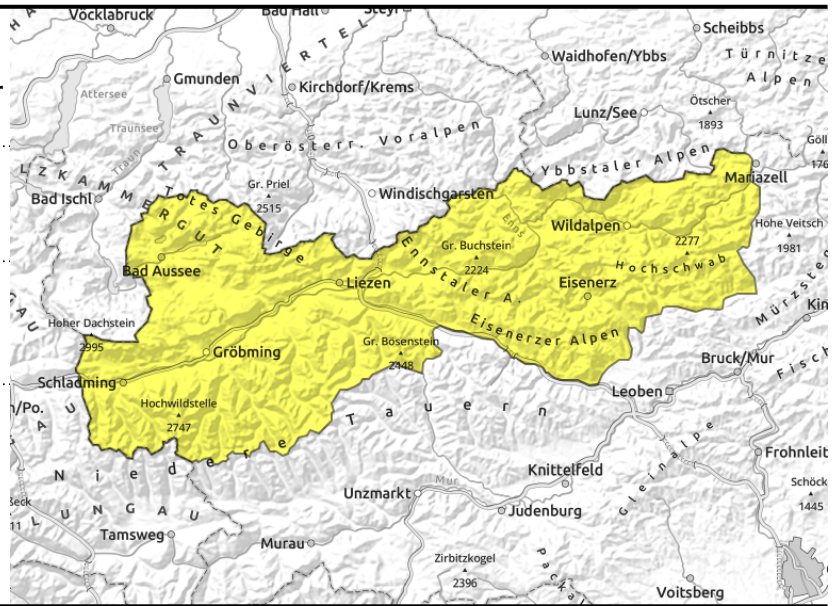


#### Expositions



# 13.04.2022, afternoon

Hochschwabgebiet, Eisenerzer Alpen, Ennstaler Alpen, Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Rottenanner Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Nord



daytime cycle of naturally triggered avalanches



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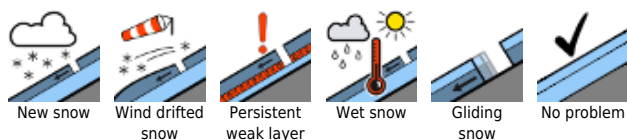
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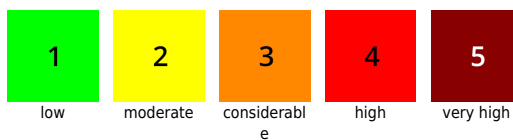
### Outlook

Springtime conditions, daytime danger cycle due to wet-snow problem and slopes becoming bare of snow.

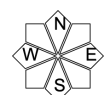
#### Avalanche problems



#### Danger ratings

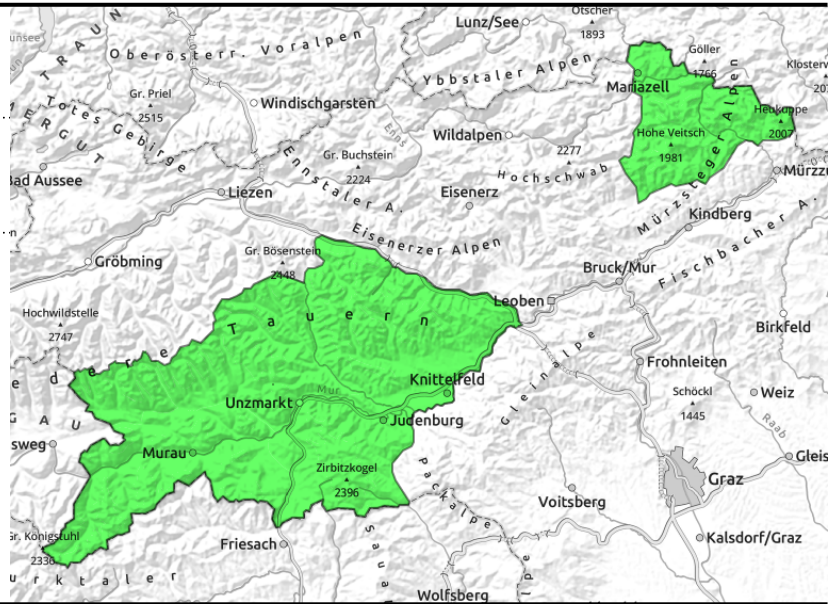
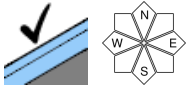


#### Expositions



**13.04.2022**

**Seetaler Alpen, Gurktaler Alpen, Mürzsteiger Alpen,  
Seckauer Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Süd,  
Südliche Wölzer Tauern**



## Favorable situation, but backcountry touring possibilities are already limited

Favourable conditions prevail, with low avalanche danger. During the course of the day, the danger of naturally triggered wet-snow or glide-snow avalanches increases in steep, not-yet-discharged zones. Highly advisable: begin backcountry tours early.

### Snowpack structure

Due to outgoing nocturnal radiation, the snowpack is able to regain some firmness during the nighttime hours. Due to very mild temperatures and solar radiation during the daytime, the melt-freeze crust softens quickly, especially on south-facing slopes. The backcountry touring possibilities are already limited.

### Weather

On Wednesday, frequent sunshine, a few high-altitude clouds in western regions of Upper Styria will pass through. Brisk SE winds, very mild. At 2000 m: +6 degrees; at 1500 m: +12 degrees. Winds are strongest in the NE regions.

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### Outlook

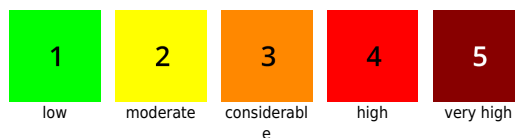
No significant change in avalanche danger is expected.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, [www.creativtrans.com](http://www.creativtrans.com)

#### Avalanche problems



#### Danger ratings



#### Expositions

