
















## Considerable avalanche danger (from snowdrifts) persists on shady slopes at high altitudes

	<p>1800 m</p>	<p>Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Rottenmann Tauern, Ennstaler Alpen, Eisenerzer Alpen, Hochschwabgebiet, Schladminger Tauern Süd, Südliche Wölzer Tauern, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Seckauer Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Nord</p>				
	<p>1700 m</p>	<p>Mürtzsteiger Alpen, Östliche Fischbacher Alpen und Wechselgebiet, Stub- und Gleinalpe, Seetaler Alpen, Gurktaler Alpen, Korralpe</p>				
		<p>Westliche Fischbacher Alpen und Grazer Bergland, Mürtztaler Alpen</p>				

### Avalanche problems



### Danger ratings

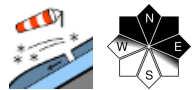


### Expositions

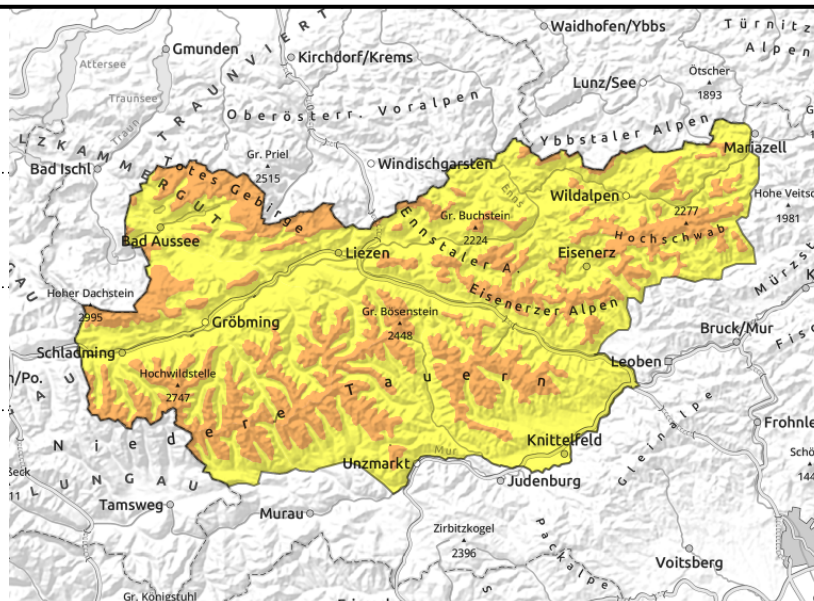


**14.12.2021**

**Totes Gebirge, Dachsteingebiet, Rottenmanner Tauern, Ennstaler Alpen, Eisenerzer Alpen, Hochschwabgebiet, Schladminger Tauern Süd, Südliche Wölzer Tauern, Nördliche Wölzer Tauern, Seckauer Tauern, Schladminger Tauern Nord**



in extremely steep grass-covered terrain



## On shady slopes, persistent considerable danger due to high-altitude snowdrifts

At high altitudes, considerable avalanche danger continues, due to snowdrift accumulations. Especially on shady slopes and in shady entries into gullies and bowls, even minimum additional loading is sufficient to trigger a slab avalanche. Below 1800 m and on sunny slopes, likelihood of triggering a slab avalanche is lesser. At low altitudes, increasingly frequent small-to-medium naturally triggered glide-snow avalanches are triggering which could also reach exposed transportation routes.

### Snowpack structure

Storm-strength winds in the last few days have blown ridges and summits bare of snow and filled leeward slopes with drifts. On shady slopes the snowdrifts are often deposited atop surface hoar, making them unstable. Below about 1800 m the higher temperatures have stabilized the snowpack somewhat. On steep grass-covered slopes at low altitudes the snowpack is gliding increasingly.

### Weather

On Tuesday, more sunshine is expected, visibility will be predominantly good. In the afternoon, increasing cloud will move in, visibility will be limited in the Hochschwab region. Winds will be brisk from the northwest, temperatures are not expected to change much: about +1 degree at 2000 m.

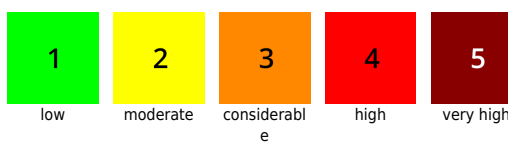
### Outlook

Avalanche danger is expected to incrementally recede.

#### Avalanche problems



#### Danger ratings

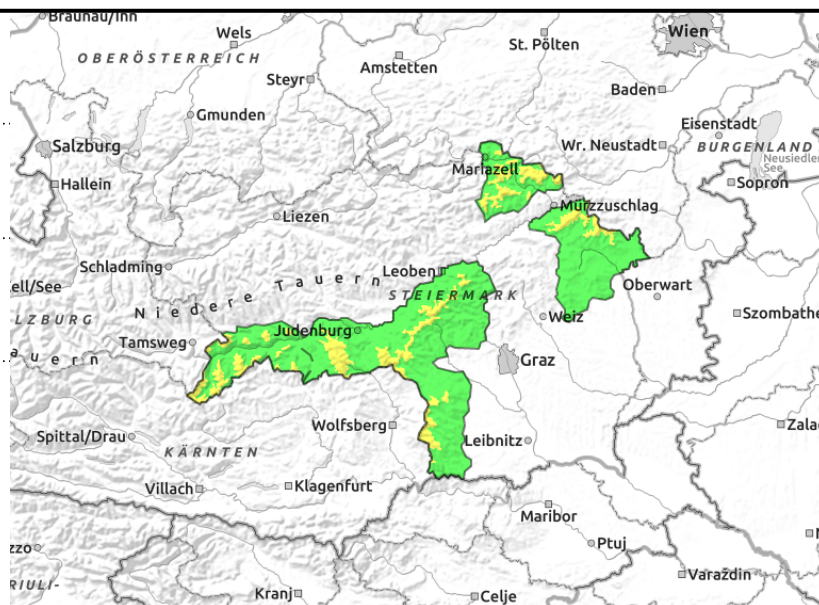
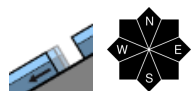
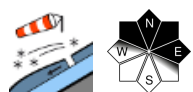


#### Expositions



**14.12.2021**

**Mürzsteiger Alpen, Östliche Fischbacher Alpen und Wechselgebiet, Stub- und Gleinalpe, Seetaler Alpen, Gurktaler Alpen, Koralpe**



## On shady slopes, persistent danger due to high-altitude snowdrifts

Avalanche prone locations are found mainly on shady slopes above 1700 m where large additional loading can trigger a slab avalanche in the snowdrift accumulations. At low altitudes on very steep grass-covered slopes, naturally triggered small-to-medium glide-snow avalanches can release.

### Snowpack structure

Storm-strength winds in the last few days have blown ridges and summits bare of snow and filled leeward slopes with drifts. On shady slopes the snowdrifts are often insufficiently bonded with the snow base, making them unstable. Below about 1800 m the higher temperatures have stabilized the snowpack somewhat. On steep grass-covered slopes at low altitudes the snowpack is gliding increasingly.

### Weather

On Tuesday, more sunshine is expected, visibility will be predominantly good. In the afternoon, increasing cloud will move in, visibility will be limited in the eastern rimline regions. Winds will be brisk from the northwest, temperatures are not expected to change much: about +1 degree at 2000 m.

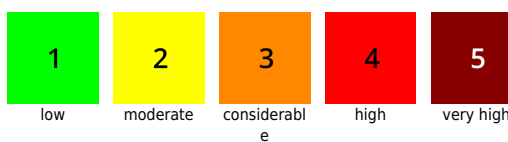
### Outlook

Avalanche danger is expected to incrementally recede.

#### Avalanche problems



#### Danger ratings

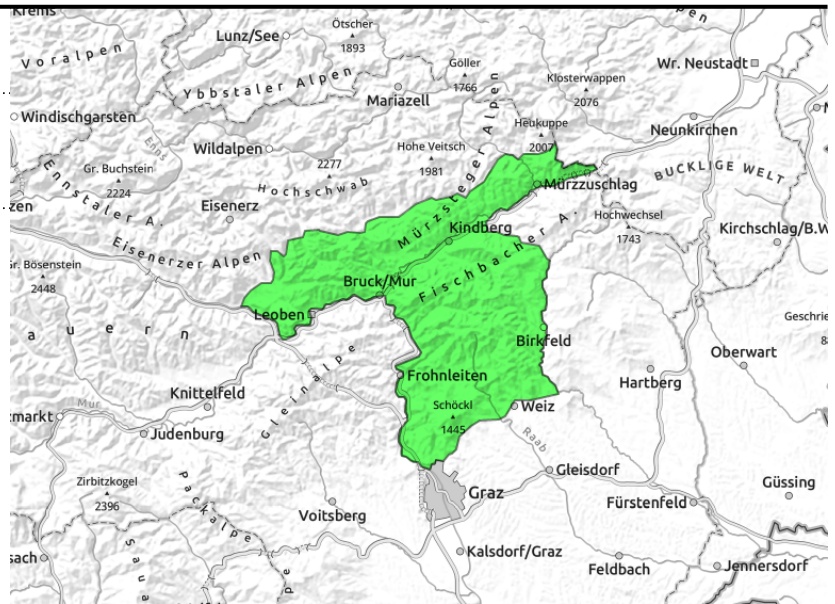
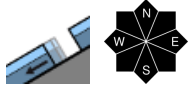


#### Expositions



**14.12.2021**

**Westliche Fischbacher Alpen und Grazer Bergland, Mürztaler Alpen**



**Generally low avalanche danger. Small-to-medium glide snow releases possible.**

Due to higher temperatures and rainfall, danger of snowdrifts is diminishing, but on steep grass-covered slopes small-to-medium sized glide-snow avalanches can trigger naturally.

**Snowpack structure**

The higher temperatures have stabilized the snowdrift accumulations which were formed in the last few days. On steep grass-covered slopes the snow is gliding.

**Weather**

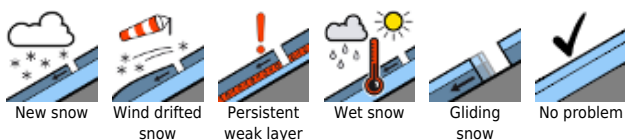
On Tuesday, more sunshine is expected, visibility will be predominantly good. In the afternoon, increasing cloud will move in, visibility will be limited in the Hochschwab region. Winds will be brisk from the northwest, temperatures are not expected to change much: about +1 degree at 2000 m.

**Outlook**

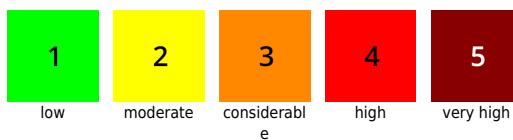
Avalanche danger is expected to remain low in the next few days.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, [www.creativtrans.com](http://www.creativtrans.com)

**Avalanche problems**



**Danger ratings**



**Expositions**

