







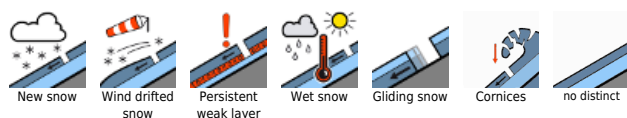


Beware wet snow

	Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Untersbergstock, Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe, Niedere Tauern Nord, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal	
	Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm	
	Nockberge	
	Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Nord, Goldberggruppe Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Niedere Tauern Süd, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge	

Avalanche problems



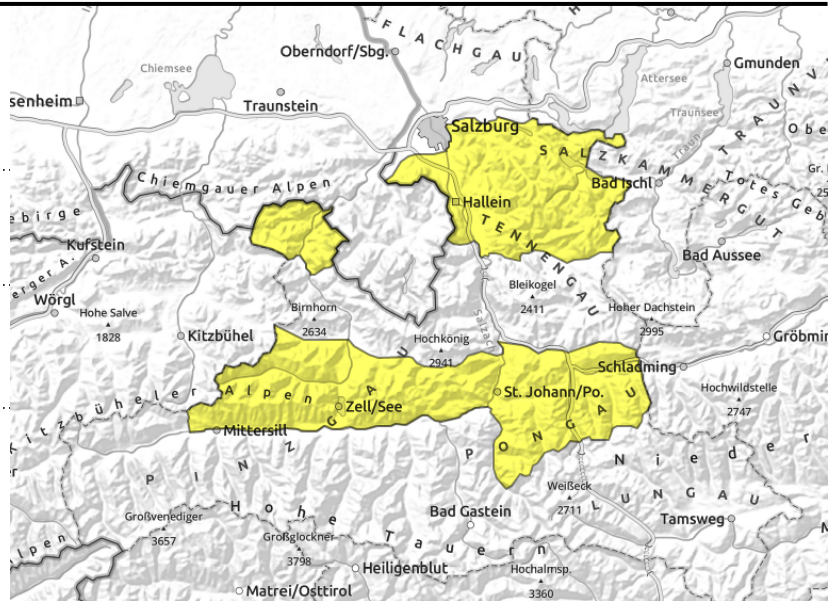
Danger ratings



Expositions



Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Untersbergstock, Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe, Niedere Tauern Nord, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal



thoroughly wet snowpack



on extremely steep grass-covered slopes which have not yet discharged

Wet-snow activity increases already in early morning

Avalanche danger is MODERATE.

Due to solar radiation and warmth, the snowpack becomes increasingly moist, loses its firmness and naturally triggered avalanche activity increases during the course of the day, releases sometimes medium.

Where snow is sufficient, small glide-snow avalanches can release naturally cases in extremely steep terrain ($>40^\circ$), especially where the ground was previously bare of snow. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

Snowpack structure

Solar radiation makes the snowpack wet, it loses its firmness. On steep rocky slopes which have again been snow on and grassy slopes, the snowpack is wet down to the ground and can glide away. The recent fresh fallen snow is quickly diminishing due to melting. During the night a melt-freeze crust can hardly form

Weather

On Tuesday night skies will be mostly clear and mild.

Wednesday will be dry, good visibility, foehn-driven winds. In the latter part of the day, high-altitude clouds will move in, visibility become diffuse, the SE winds will be moderate. At 2000 m: 6-10 degrees.

Outlook

Classic springtime will continue, danger potential is receding due to the natural melting process.

Avalanche problems



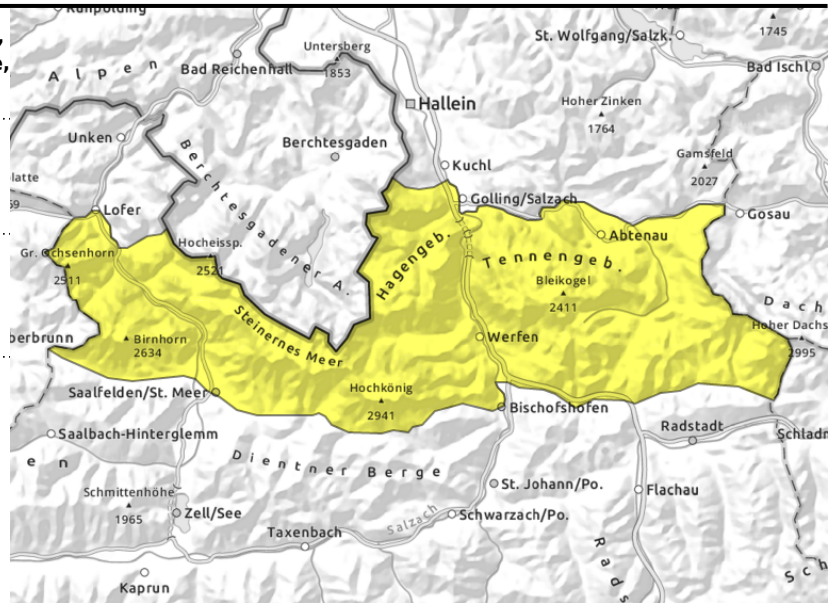
Danger ratings



Expositions



Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm



thoroughly wet snowpack



on extremely steep grass-covered slopes which have not yet discharged

Wet-snow activity increases already in early morning

Avalanche danger is MODERATE.

Due to solar radiation, increasing wet-snow activity is expected during the daytime. Beginning on extremely steep slopes (>40°) in southern and eastern aspects, it will then spread to all aspects, releases small-to-medium. also triggerable by 1 person.

Below 2600 m where the snow is sufficient, naturally triggered glide-snow avalanches can be expected on steep slopes, particularly where the recent fresh snow fell on bare ground. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

Snowpack structure

Solar radiation makes the snowpack wet, it loses its firmness. On steep rocky slopes which have again been snow on and grassy slopes, the snowpack is wet down to the ground and can glide away, possibly sweeping the old snowpack along if it becomes wetter. The recent fresh fallen snow (often lying atop a layer of Sahara dust, the wet loose-snow avalanches glide over this crust) is quickly diminishing due to melting. During the night a melt-freeze crust sometimes forms, but later softens rapidly.

Weather

In the high-alpine regions of the Northern Alps, brisk southerly winds. Good visibility, very warm. Wednesday will be dry, good visibility, foehn-driven winds. In the latter part of the day, high-altitude clouds will move in, visibility become diffuse, the SE winds will be moderate. At 2000 m: 6-10 degrees; at 3000 m: -1 to +2 degrees.

Outlook

Classic springtime will continue.

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



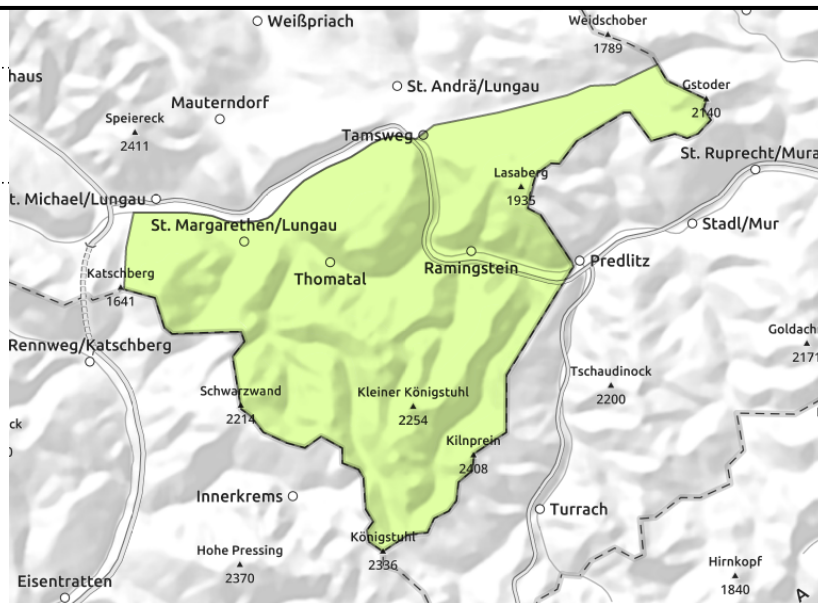
Expositions



Nockberge



natural releases



Favorable conditions

Avalanche danger is low.

Due to solar radiation, natural releases (loose dry and loose moist) are to be expected in extremely steep terrain (>40°). Small releases are the rule.

Snowpack structure

Solar radiation makes the snowpack wet, it loses its firmness. The snow is rapidly disappearing.

Weather

On Tuesday night skies will be mostly clear and mild.

Wednesday will be dry, good visibility, foehn-driven winds. In the latter part of the day, high-altitude clouds will move in, visibility become diffuse. More clouds and some minor showers on the Main Alpine Ridge and in the Nockberge. The SE winds will be moderate. At 2000 m: 6-10 degrees; at 3000 m: -1 to +2 degrees.

Outlook

Classic springtime will continue, danger potential is receding due to the natural melting process.

Avalanche problems



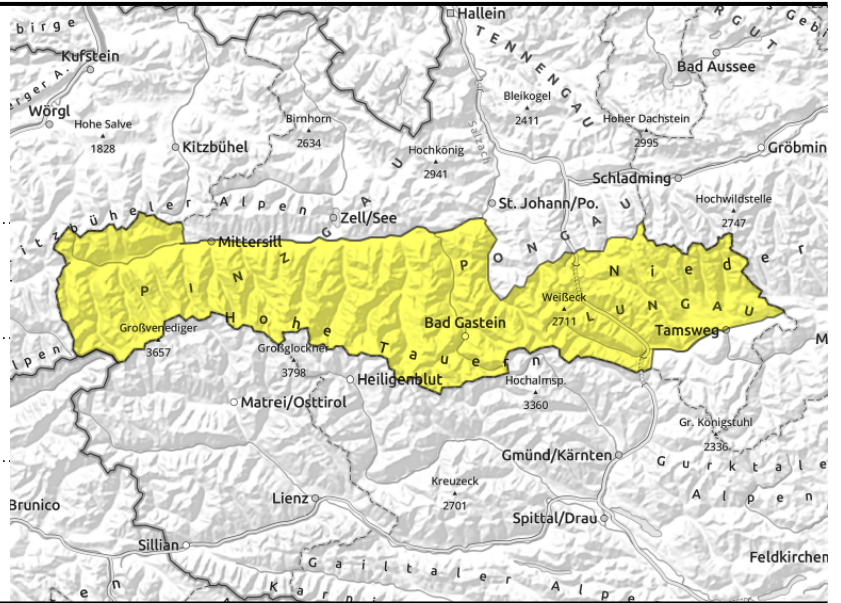
Danger ratings



Expositions



Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Nord, Goldberggruppe Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Niedere Tauern Süd, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge



thoroughly wet snowpack



on extremely steep grass-covered slopes which have not yet discharged

Wet-snow activity increases already in early morning

Avalanche danger is MODERATE.

Due to solar radiation, increasing wet-snow activity is expected during the daytime. Beginning on extremely steep slopes (>40°) in southern and eastern aspects, it will then spread to all aspects, releases small-to-medium. also triggerable by 1 person.

Below 2600 m where the snow is sufficient, naturally triggered glide-snow avalanches can be expected on steep slopes, particularly where the recent fresh snow fell on bare ground. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

Above 3000 m, dry slab avalanches can be triggered in a few places by 1 person, esp. on extremely steep (>40°) shady slopes, releases mostly small.

Snowpack structure

Solar radiation makes the snowpack wet, it loses its firmness. On steep rocky slopes which have again been snow on and grassy slopes, the snowpack is wet down to the ground and can glide away, possibly sweeping the old snowpack along if it becomes wetter. The recent fresh fallen snow (often lying atop a layer of Sahara dust, the wet loose-snow avalanches glide over this crust) is quickly diminishing due to melting. During the night a melt-freeze crust sometimes forms, but later softens rapidly.

Weather

Nighttime skies will be foehn driven by strong S/SE winds (80-90 km/hr), good visibility except on Main Alpine Ridge. Often very warm.

Wednesday will be dry, good visibility, foehn-driven winds. In the latter part of the day, high-altitude clouds will move in, visibility become diffuse. More clouds and some minor showers on the Main Alpine Ridge. The SE winds will be moderate. At 2000 m: 6-10 degrees; at 3000 m: -1 to +2 degrees.

Outlook

Classic springtime will continue.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, www.creativtrans.com

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



Expositions

