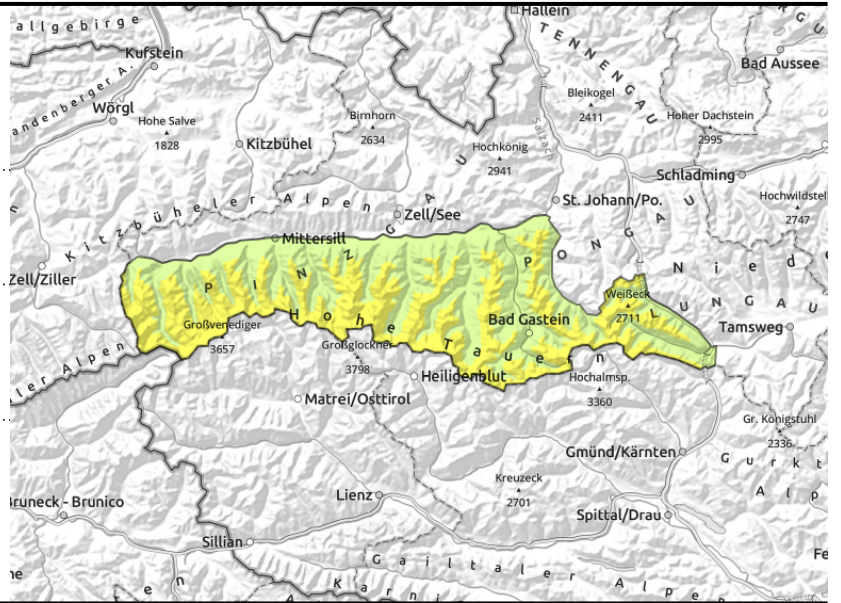


Fresh snowdrift accumulations due to southerly foehn wind at high altitudes of Main Alpine Ridge

	<p>2000 m Großenedigergruppe Nord, Großenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Glocknergruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Nord, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr</p>	
	<p>Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal, Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Niedere Tauern Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Niedere Tauern Süd, Nockberge, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge</p>	
	<p>Untersbergstock, Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe</p>	

<p>Avalanche problems</p>	<p>Danger ratings</p>	<p>Expositions</p>
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Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Glocknergruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Nord, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr



above 2300 m, distant from ridges, gullies, bowls, behind discontinuities



on steep grass-covered slopes, possible at any time of day or night, increasing with rain impact

Heed high-altitude snowdrifts

Avalanche danger above 2000 m is moderate.

Freshly generated snowdrift accumulations occur mostly near ridges on very steep shady slopes and in gullies and bowls and can be triggered by 1 person above 2300 m, releases often medium-sized. On very steep high alpine N/E/W facing slopes, also weak layers in the old snow can trigger by large additional loading. Slabs can become large-sized if they fracture down to weak layers in the snowpack.

In steep grass-covered terrain, naturally triggered wet-snow avalanches are possible at any time, esp. below 2400 m. Glide-snow avalanches are usually medium-sized, occasionally larger higher up.

Snowpack structure

Fresh and older snowdrift accumulations lie deposited atop a moistened surface below 2300 m, are well bonded. Above that altitude the drifts on shady slopes lie deposited atop loose surfaces which can be weak layers. On W/N/E facing slopes there are faceted layers near melt-freeze crusts which are trigger-prone in isolated cases. At low and intermediate altitudes the snowpack is already thoroughly wet down to the ground. Hardly any longwave outgoing radiation during the cloudy night.

Weather

Along the Main Alpine Ridge and in the Nockberge, nighttime skies will be predominantly overcast. Southerly foehn winds will intensify continually, reaching windspeeds of 90 km/hr in high altitude Tauern regions by early morning, thereby lodging barrier clouds in the Nockberge and on the Main Alpine Ridge from the south. Further north, more pleasant conditions, sunshine and clouds alternating. At 2000 m: 0 to +3 degrees; at 3000 m: -3 degrees.

Outlook

Avalanche danger levels are not expected to change significantly.

Avalanche problems



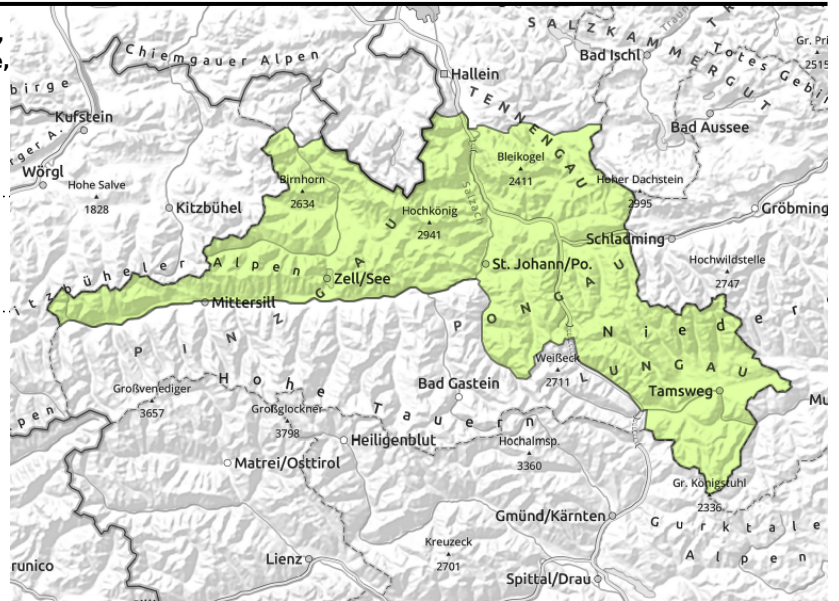
Danger ratings



Expositions



Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal, Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Niedere Tauern Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Niedere Tauern Süd, Nockberge, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge



in steep grass-covered terrain, possible at any time of day or night

Avoid zones below glide cracks

Avalanche danger is low. There is latent danger of glide-snow avalanches.

In steep grass-covered terrain, naturally triggered wet-snow avalanches are possible at any time, esp. below 2400 m. Glide-snow avalanches are usually medium-sized, occasionally larger higher up.

Above 2400 m the freshly generated snowdrift accumulations are sometimes prone to triggering, esp. on very steep shady slopes, triggerable by 1 person, releases mostly small.

On very steep sunny slopes small wet-snow avalanches are possible during the course of the day.

Snowpack structure

The snowpack is quite stable and compact. Up to 2400 m, very few reserves of cold in the snowpack.

On sunny slopes there is a melt-freeze crust on the surface, rapidly softening during the daytime. On north-facing slopes, often hardened snowdrift accumulations lie atop a crust, above 2400 m atop soft snowpack surfaces.

Weather

Nighttime skies will be variably cloudy, fog in some valleys.

On Sunday, southerly foehn winds will intensify continually, often be blowing at strong velocity. In the northern regions, more pleasant conditions, sunshine alternating with clouds. In the Nockberge, clouds will dominate. At 2000 m: 0 to +3 degrees.

Outlook

Avalanche danger levels are not expected to change significantly.

Avalanche problems



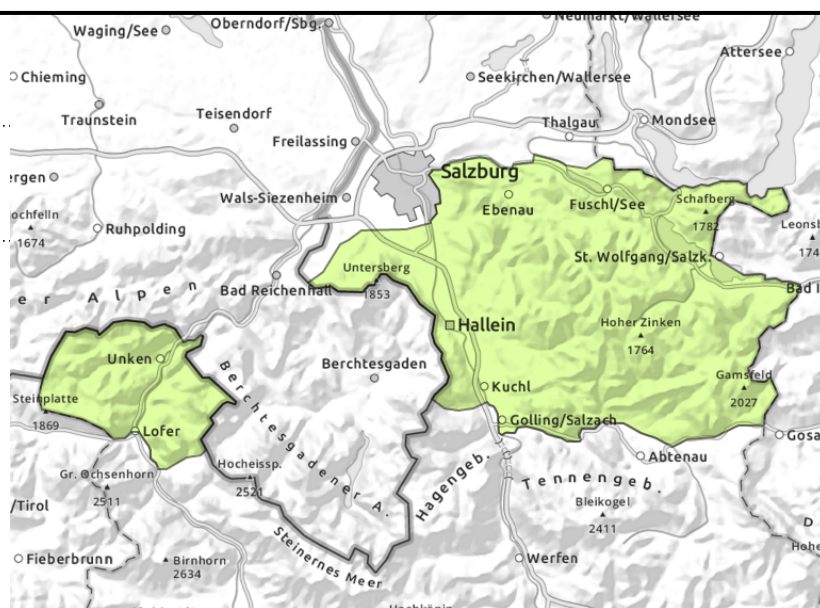
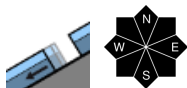
Danger ratings



Expositions



**Untersbergstock, Osterhorngruppe,
Gamsfeldgruppe, Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal,
Reiteralpe**



Stable snowpack

Avalanche danger is LOW. On extremely steep grass-covered slopes isolated small glide-snow avalanches are possible, but seldom.

Snowpack structure

The snowpack is generally compact and stable, is often moist up to high altitudes, wet at ground level.

Weather

Weather will be quite pleasant, sunshine alternating with clouds. At 2000 m: 0 to +3 degrees.

Outlook

Avalanche danger levels are not expected to change significantly.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, www.creativtrans.com

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



Expositions

