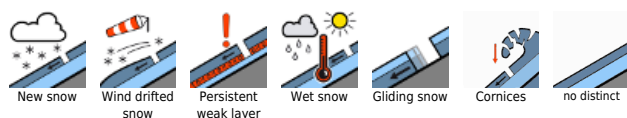


Snowdrift accumulations at high altitudes sometimes trigger-prone

	Nockberge		
	2400 m Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Goldberggruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Niedere Tauern Süd, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm		
	Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe, Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Untersbergstock, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal, Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Niedere Tauern Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge		

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



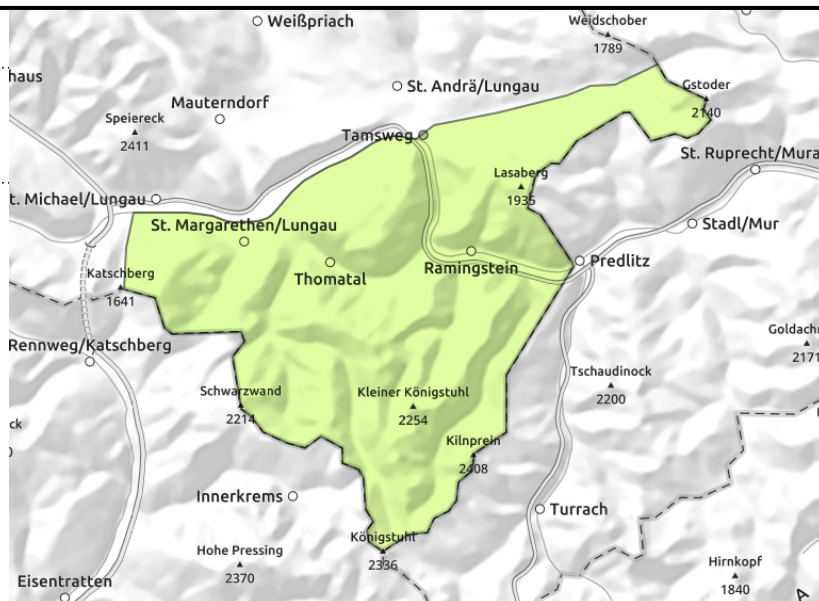
Expositions



Nockberge



daytime cycle of naturally triggered avalanche activity



Favorable situation

Avalanche danger is low. Above 2000 m small/thin snowdrift accumulations. Danger of falling outweighs that of being buried in snow masses.

Snowpack structure

The snowpack has settled, is generally stable. The old snowpack is thoroughly wet except on shady slopes above 2000 m (still reserves of cold).

Weather

On Wednesday cloudbanks will pass through, intermittent sunshine, high peaks can be veiled in clouds, winds mostly light, shifting to southerly during the course of the day. At 2000 m: from -2 to +2 degrees.

Outlook

Avalanche danger levels are not expected to change significantly.

Avalanche problems



New snow



Wind drifted snow



Persistent weak layer



Wet snow



Gliding snow



Cornices



no distinct

Danger ratings



1

low



2

moderate



3

considerable



4

high



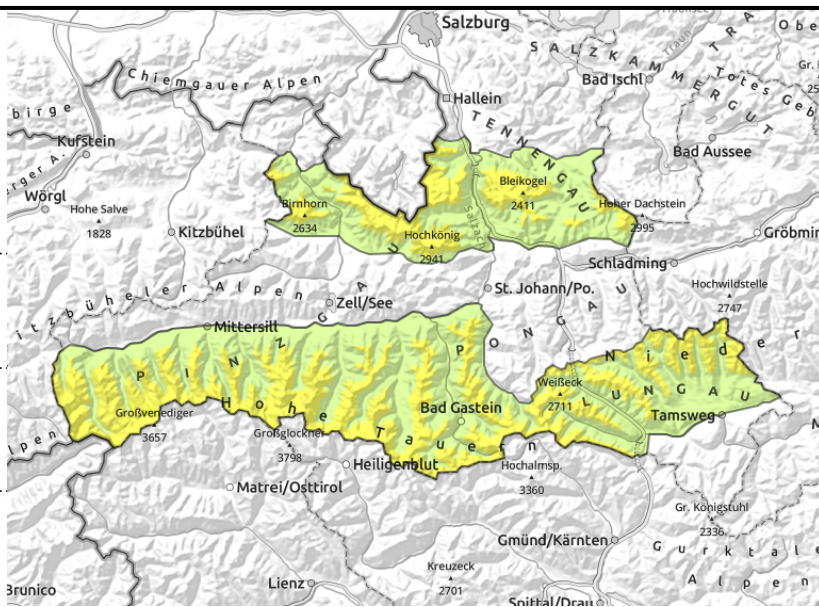
5

very high

Expositions



Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Goldberggruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Niedere Tauern Süd, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm



behind discontinuities, in gullies, steep bowls



possible at any time of day

Evaluate high-altitude snowdrifts with caution

Above 2400 m, moderate avalanche danger, Danger Level 2.

Fresh snowdrift accumulations above 2400 m are trigger-prone in places, danger zones occur on N/NE/E facing slopes, increase with ascending altitude, 1 person can trigger avalanches in some places. Below 2200 m the releases are mostly small, at high altitudes they can be larger.

Latent danger of glide-snow avalanches persists. Glide-snow avalanches can release at any time of day or night naturally, releases mostly medium, sometimes large. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

Due to solar radiation, naturally triggered loose-snow avalanches can be expected during the course of the day on extremely steep slopes, releases mostly small.

Snowpack structure

The fresh snow and drifts have bonded well below 2400 m, above that altitude the often lie deposited atop loose snowpack layers. Above 2500 m, avalanches can fracture down to more deeply embedded layers in the snowpack.

The snowpack on south-facing slopes is thoroughly moist due to solar radiation, near-surface layers are losing their firmness.

Weather

On Wednesday cloudbanks will pass through, intermittent sunshine, high peaks can be veiled in clouds, winds mostly light, stronger in Hohe Tauern, shifting to southerly during the course of the day. At 2000 m: from -2 to +2 degrees; at 3000 m: -7 to -4 degrees.

Outlook

Avalanche danger levels are not expected to change significantly.

Avalanche problems



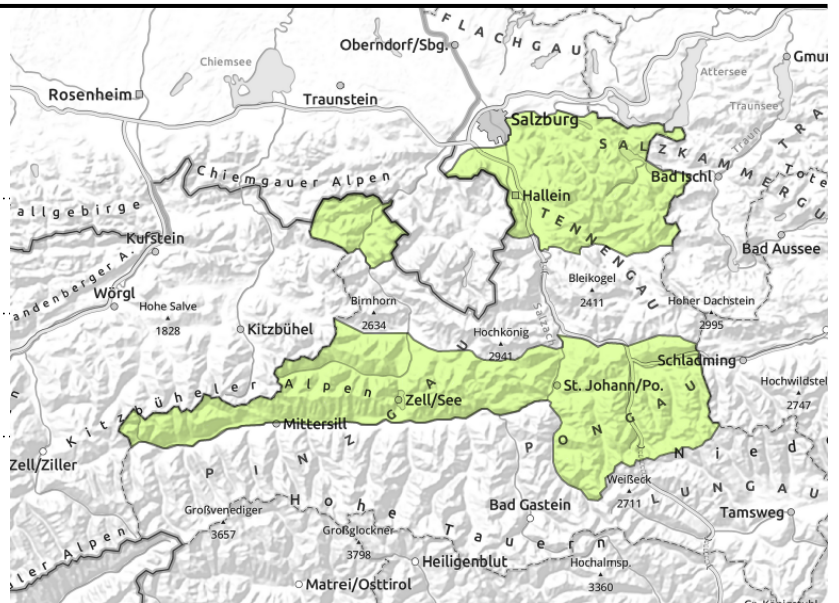
Danger ratings



Expositions



Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe, Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Untersbergstock, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal, Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Niedere Tauern Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge



on steep grass-covered slopes, possible at any time of day



daytime cycle of naturally triggered avalanche activity

Favorable avalanche situation by and large

Avalanche danger is low (1).

Still latent danger of glide-snow avalanches which can trigger naturally on steep grass-covered slopes, mostly medium-sized, sometimes large-sized. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

Due to solar radiation, naturally triggered loose-snow avalanches can be expected during the course of the day on extremely steep slopes, releases mostly small.

Fresh snowdrift accumulations at summit level and in ridgeline terrain are still trigger-prone in some places.

Snowpack structure

The fresh snow and drifts have bonded well with the old snowpack surface in general.

The snowpack on south-facing slopes is thoroughly moist due to solar radiation, near-surface layers are losing their firmness.

Weather

On Wednesday cloudbanks will pass through, intermittent sunshine, high peaks can be veiled in clouds, winds mostly light, stronger in Hohe Tauern, shifting to southerly during the course of the day. At 2000 m: from -2 to +2 degrees.

Outlook

Avalanche danger levels are not expected to change significantly.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, www.creativtrans.com

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



Expositions

