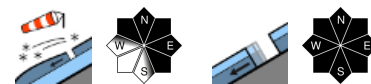


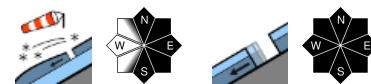
## Small snowdrift problem



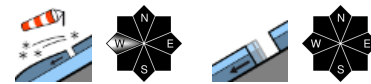
Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Untersbergstock, Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Niedere Tauern Nord, Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal



Nockberge



Glocknergruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Nord, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge, Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Niedere Tauern Süd, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm



### Avalanche problems



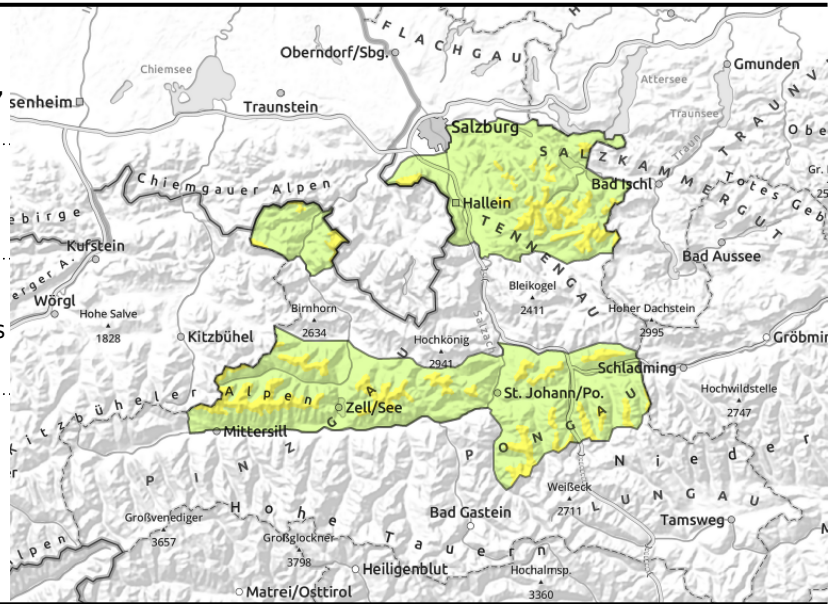
### Danger ratings



### Expositions



**Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Untersbergstock, Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Niedere Tauern Nord, Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal**



forestline



near ridges, behind discontinuities, in gullies, bowls of all aspects



on extremely steep grass-covered slopes

## Pay heed to dangers of falling

Avalanche danger above the timberline is moderate.

Fresh snowdrift accumulations from Friday can be triggered by 1 person in some places and release a slab, sometimes medium sized. Most danger zones are above the treeline on N/E facing slopes and in wind-loaded gullies. Drifts are often blanketed over, thus they are not easily recognized. The dangers of falling outweigh those of being buried in snow masses.

A few small loose-snow avalanches/slides can be triggered naturally in steep terrain.

Isolated glide-snow avalanches are still a threat, despite lower temperatures. Where snow depths are sufficient, large-sized avalanches are possible (most medium-sized). Avoid zones below glide cracks.

## Snowpack structure

Fresh snow (10 cm) and snowdrifts from Friday are gradually bonding with the old snowpack surface. A soft layer beneath the melt-freeze crust (wind crusts and rain-ice crusts) is the likeliest weak layer below the fresh snow and drifts from Friday. The loose snowslides over the latest melt-freeze crust surface.

Older snowdrift accumulations unlikely to trigger, only by large additional loading, otherwise the old snowpack is stable.

## Weather

On Sunday, initially sunshine, then from the west compact and high-altitude clouds will move in, hamper the sun, though visibility will remain adequate. Light SW winds. At 2000 m: frising from -4 to 0 degrees.

## Outlook

Due to higher temperatures, likelihood of dry slab avalanches triggering will recede. Gliding snow activity will gradually increase.

### Avalanche problems



### Danger ratings



### Expositions



**Nockberge**



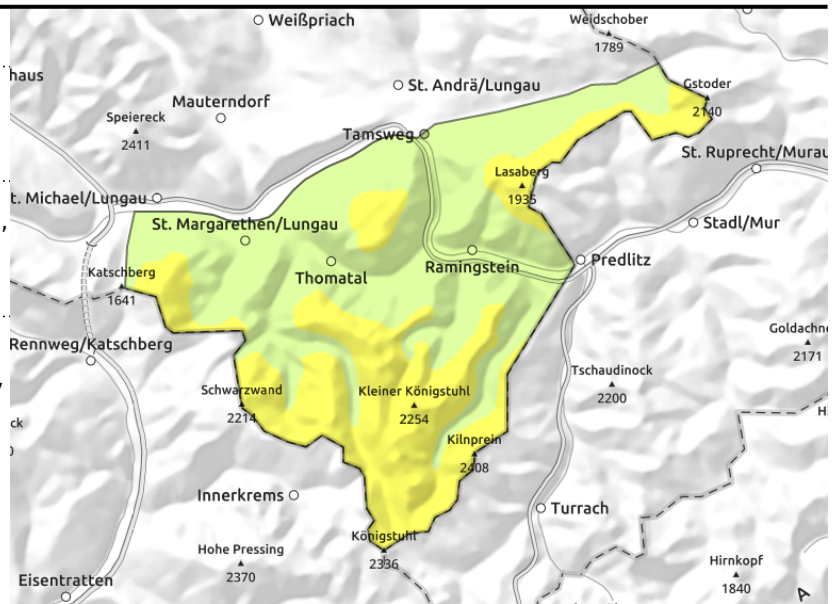
forestline



near to and distant from ridges, behind discontinuities, in gullies, steep bowls



on extremely steep grass-covered slopes, possible at any time of day



**Pay heed to dangers of falling**

Avalanche danger is moderate above the treeline, below that altitude danger is low.

Fresh snowdrift accumulations from Friday can be triggered by 1 person in some places and release a slab, sometimes medium sized. Most danger zones are above the treeline on E facing slopes and in wind-loaded gullies. Drifts are often blanketed over, thus they are not easily recognized. The dangers of falling outweigh those of being buried in snow masses.

Glide-snow avalanches are still a threat where the snow is deep enough, most releases are medium-sized. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

**Snowpack structure**

Fresh snow (10 cm) and snowdrifts from Friday are gradually bonding with the old snowpack surface. A soft layer beneath the melt-freeze crust (wind crusts and rain-ice crusts) is the likeliest weak layer below the fresh snow and drifts from Friday. The loose snowslides over the latest melt-freeze crust surface.

Older snowdrift accumulations unlikely to trigger, only by large additional loading, otherwise the old snowpack is stable.

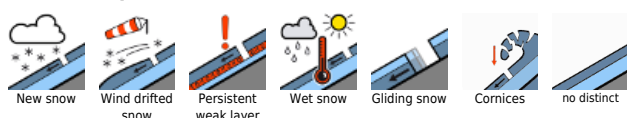
**Weather**

On Sunday, initially sunshine, then from the west compact and high-altitude clouds will move in, hamper the sun, though visibility will remain adequate. Light SW winds. At 2000 m: frising from -4 to 0 degrees.

**Outlook**

Due to higher temperatures, likelihood of dry slab avalanches triggering will recede. Gliding snow activity will gradually increase.

**Avalanche problems**



**Danger ratings**

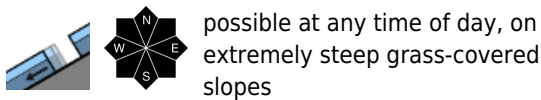
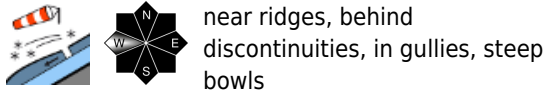
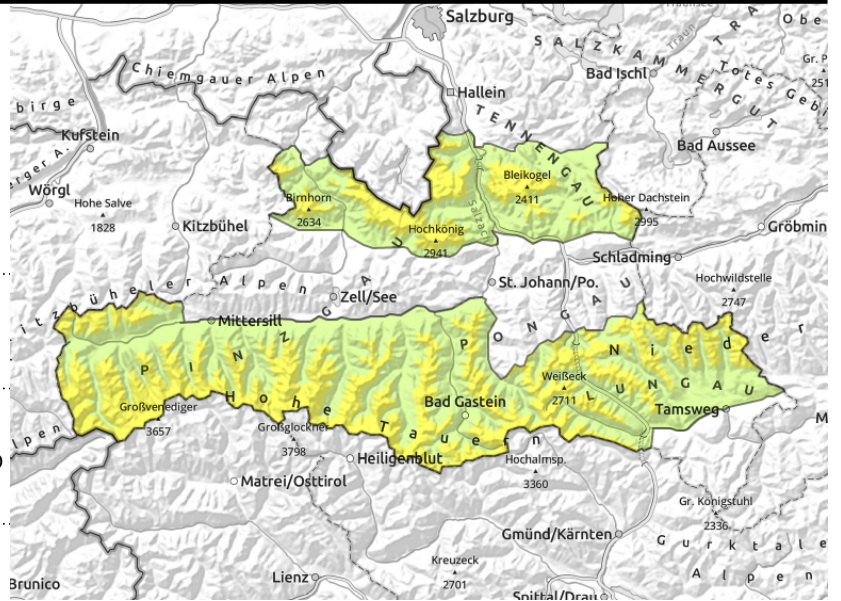


**Expositions**



valid for: **Sunday, 21.01.2024**

**Glocknergruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Nord, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge, Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Niedere Tauern Süd, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm**



### Pay heed to dangers of falling

Avalanche danger is moderate above the treeline, below that altitude danger is low. Fresh snowdrift accumulations from Friday can be triggered by 1 person in some places and release a slab, sometimes medium sized. Most danger zones are above the treeline on E facing slopes and in wind-loaded gullies. Drifts are often blanketed over, thus they are not easily recognized. The dangers of falling outweigh those of being buried in snow masses. A few small loose-snow avalanches/slides can be triggered naturally in steep terrain. Isolated glide-snow avalanches are still a threat, despite lower temperatures. Where snow depths are sufficient, large-sized avalanches are possible (most medium-sized). Avoid zones below glide cracks.

### Snowpack structure

Very irregular snowpack surface, but also powder can be found. The fresh snow (10 cm) and snowdrifts from Friday are gradually bonding with the old snowpack surface. A soft layer beneath the melt-freeze crust (wind crusts and rain-ice crusts) is the likeliest weak layer below the fresh snow and drifts from Friday. The loose snowslides over the latest melt-freeze crust surface. Older snowdrift accumulations unlikely to trigger, only by large additional loading, otherwise the old snowpack is stable by and large.

### Weather

On Sunday, initially sunshine, then from the west compact and high-altitude clouds will move in, hamper the sun, though visibility will remain adequate. Light SW winds. At 2000 m: frising from -4 to 0 degrees.

### Outlook

Monday will bring moderate-strength southerly foehn winds, small drifts will be generated.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, [www.creativtrans.com](http://www.creativtrans.com)

#### Avalanche problems



#### Danger ratings



#### Expositions

