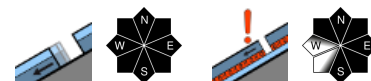


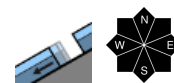
Main problem: gliding snow



Großenedigergruppe Nord, Großenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Glocknergruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Nord, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Niedere Tauern Süd

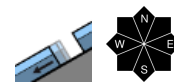


Oberpinzgauer Grasberge, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal, Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm, Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Untersbergstock, Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe



1500 m

Nockberge



Avalanche problems



Danger ratings

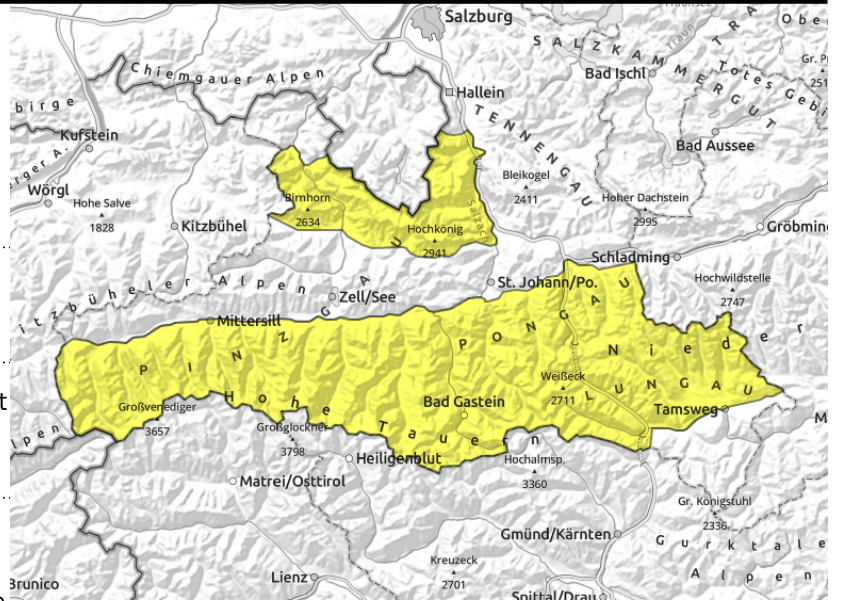


Expositions



valid for: **Thursday, 28.12.2023**

Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Glocknergruppe Nord, Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Nord, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Niedere Tauern Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock, Niedere Tauern Süd



steep grassy slopes, possible at any time of day, often deep fractures



triggerable in transitions from shallow to deeper snow, few danger zones but they increase with ascending altitude

Avoid zones below glide cracks. Persistent weak layer above 2800 m.

Avalanche danger is moderate. Main problem: gliding snow.

Up to 2600 m glide-snow avalanches can trigger naturally at any time of day, esp. on steep slopes with smooth ground (grass, rocks) in all aspects. Avalanches can grow to medium size. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

Weak layers in the old snow above 2800 m can be triggered in a few danger zones, mostly by large additional loading (group, collapsing cornice), avalanches can grow to medium size, danger zones increase with ascending altitude.

Snowpack structure

Stormy winds have done their work on the high-alpine snowpack, variable surfaces should be expected during descents. Up to 2300 m the snowpack surface is riddled with water seepage channels, up to 2700 m there is a surface crust.

Inside the snowdrifts from last weekend above 2700 m there are several icy films resulting from the fluctuating snowfall leels On high shady slopes there are faceted crystals beneath these films.

On Wednesday night the uppermost layer will freeze, also at low altitudes, and a crust will form which is capable of bearing loads, which can turn to firn on south-facing slopes the next day.

The ground is warm, thus, the entire snowpack is gliding downhill over smooth surfaces.

Weather

On Thursday, sunshine and good visibility, nearly cloudless skies, clouds moving in from the west later on, bringing diffuse light conditions. Wind will be light. At 2000 m: 2 to 5 degrees; at 3000 m: -1 degree.

Outlook

The danger of glide-snow avalanches will persist.

Avalanche problems



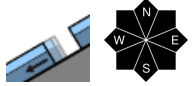
Danger ratings



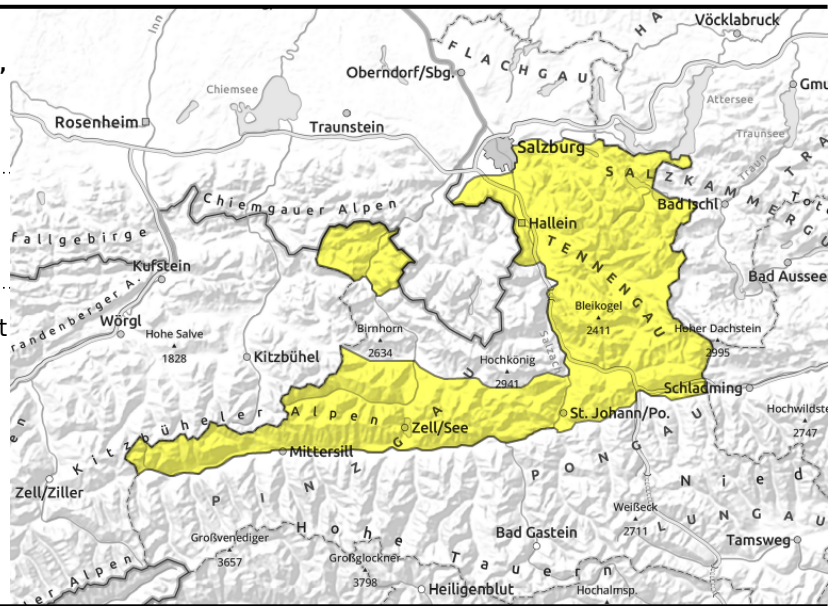
Expositions



Oberpinzgauer Grasberge, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal, Dientner Grasberge, Pongauer Grasberge, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm, Osterhorngruppe, Gamsfeldgruppe, Untersbergstock, Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe



steep grassy slopes, possible at any time of day



Avoid zones below glide cracks

Glide-snow avalanches can trigger naturally up to summit level at any time of day, esp on steep slopes with smooth ground beneath (grass, rocks) in all aspects. Above 1800 m they can be medium-sized. Avoid zones below glide cracks.

Due to higher temperatures, loose-snow avalanches are possible on very steep slopes, mostly small-sized.

Apart from the gliding snow problem, the danger of being forced to take a fall outweighs that of avalanches.

Snowpack structure

Stormy winds have done their work on the snowpack, variable surfaces should be expected during descents. At low and intermediate altitudes the snowpack is thoroughly wet.

The drifts formed over the weekend are generally well bonded with the old snowpack.

The ground is warm, thus, the entire snowpack is gliding downhill over smooth surfaces.

Weather

On Thursday, sunshine and good visibility, nearly cloudless skies, clouds moving in from the west later on, bringing diffuse light conditions. Wind will be light. At 2000 m: 2 to 5 degrees; at 3000 m: -1 degree.

Outlook

The danger of glide-snow avalanches will persist.

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



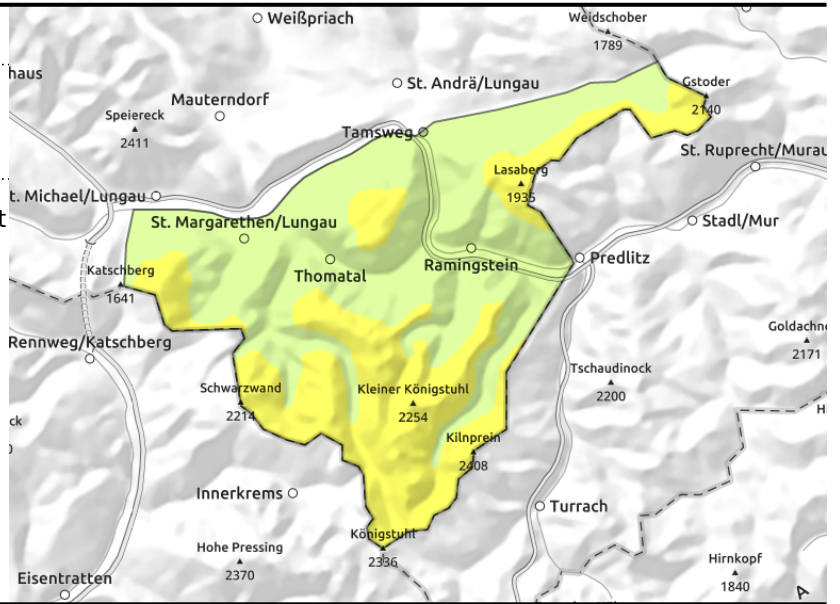
Expositions



Nockberge



steep grassy slopes, possible at any time of day, often deep fractures



Avoid zones below glide cracks

Avalanche danger is moderate above 1500 m. Main problem: gliding snow. Glide-snow avalanches can trigger naturally up to summit level at any time of day, esp on steep slopes with smooth ground beneath (grass, rocks) in all aspects. Above 1800 m they can be medium-sized. Avoid zones below glide cracks. Apart from the gliding snow problem, the danger of being forced to take a fall outweighs that of avalanches.

Snowpack structure

Stormy winds have done their work on the snowpack, variable surfaces should be expected during descents. At low and intermediate altitudes the snowpack is thoroughly wet. The drifts formed over the weekend are generally well bonded with the old snowpack. The ground is warm, thus, the entire snowpack is gliding downhill over smooth surfaces.

Weather

On Thursday, sunshine and good visibility, nearly cloudless skies, clouds moving in from the west later on, bringing diffuse light conditions. Wind will be light. At 2000 m: 2 to 5 degrees; at 3000 m: -1 degree.

Outlook

The danger of glide-snow avalanches will persist.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, www.creativtrans.com

Avalanche problems



Danger ratings



Expositions

