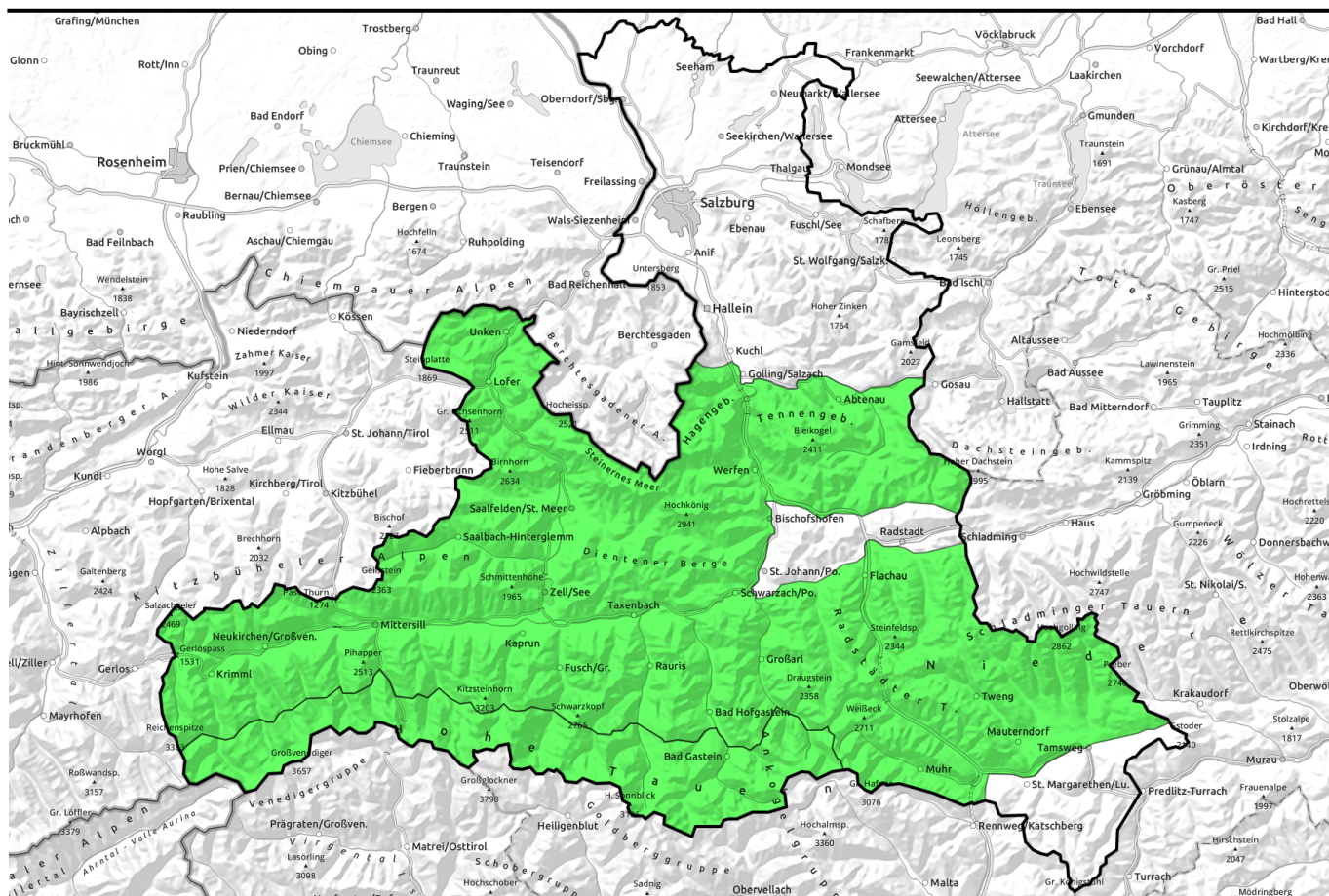


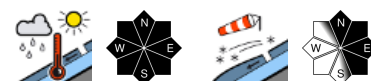
**22.04.2022**



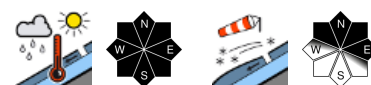
## Overcast skies, light precipitation from the south, isolated danger zones



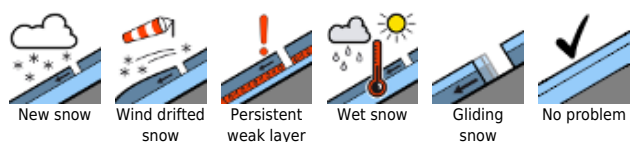
Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge, Dientner Grasberge, Goldberggruppe Nord, Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Glocknergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Niedere Tauern Süd, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Niedere Tauern Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Gölstock



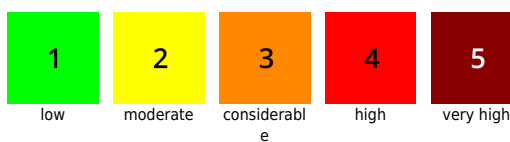
Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm



### Avalanche problems



### Danger ratings

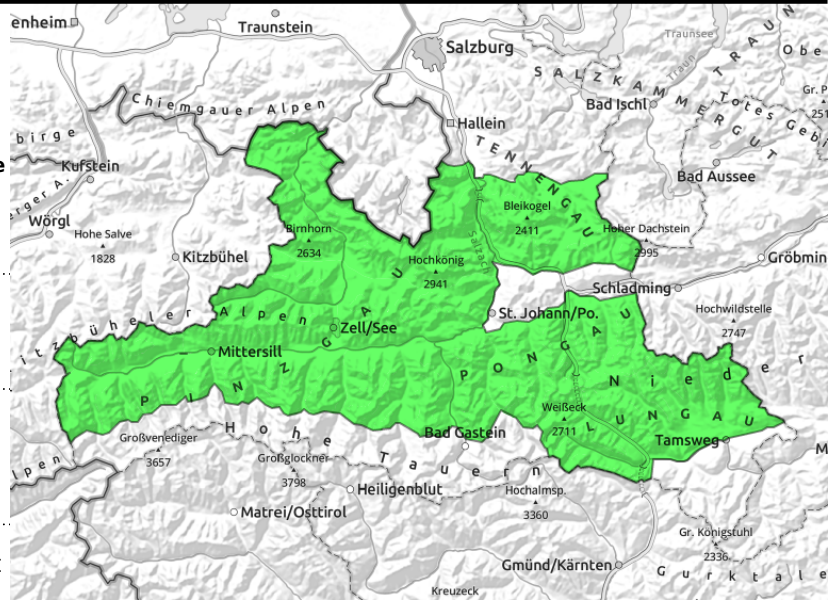


### Expositions



**22.04.2022**

**Chiemgauer Alpen, Heutal, Reiteralpe, Kitzbüheler Alpen, Glemmtal, Oberpinzgauer Grasberge, Dientner Grasberge, Goldberggruppe Nord, Loferer und Leoganger Steinberge, Glocknergruppe Nord, Großvenedigergruppe Nord, Niedere Tauern Süd, Ankogelgruppe, Muhr, Niedere Tauern Nord, Niedere Tauern Alpenhauptkamm, Tennengebirge, Gosaukamm, Steinernes Meer, Hochkönig, Hagengebirge, Göllstock**



hardly any reserves of cold, intermittent light rainfall up to high altitudes



small shallow ridgeline drifts at high altitude

## Superficial moist loose-snow avalanches in extremely steep terrain

LOW avalanche danger all day long

Main danger: superficial loose-snow avalanches (mostly small) on extremely steep slopes. But the risk of being swept along and falling outweighs that of being buried in snow. At high altitudes, there are small snowdrift patches near ridges in NE aspects and in gullies.

Isolated glide-snow avalanches (small-to-medium) are possible.

### Snowpack structure

The snowfall from Tues/Wed has settled in the radiation and warmth. On north-facing slopes there is still loose snow. The reserves of cold are nearly used up, expected light precipitation will burden the snowpack only little. The old snowpack is generally compact, in isolated cases with a brownish layer of Sahara dust at high and high alpine altitudes which constitutes a weak layer, but currently not triggerable or, to be exact, a triggered avalanche cannot fracture down deeper.

### Weather

Skies Thursday night will be overcast, in the Lungau and on Main Tauern Ridge minor rainfall, snowfall above 1900 m.

On Friday, lots of cloud, the high peaks could disappear in fog especially in the Tauern. From the south, light rainfall/snowfall will set in, snowfall level at 1800-2200 m. At 2000 m: 1-4 degrees. Moderate S/E winds.

On Saturday in the Lungau and on Tauern Main Ridge overcast from the start. Further north, visibility is better. Southerly foehn will create sunny phases. In the Tauern region the foehn will be intense (40-60 km/hr in afternoon) but elsewhere no disturbance. At 2000 m: 1-4 degrees.

### Outlook

On the weekend, the wet-snow problem will dominate. In the Northern Alps still some reserves of cold on Saturday morning. In the Tauern at high alpine altitudes, fresh snowdrifts will be formed on north-facing slopes and in gullies.

#### Avalanche problems



New snow



Wind drifted snow



Persistent weak layer



Wet snow



Gliding snow



No problem

#### Danger ratings



1

low



2

moderate



3

considerable



4

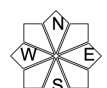
high



5

very high

#### Expositions



**22.04.2022**

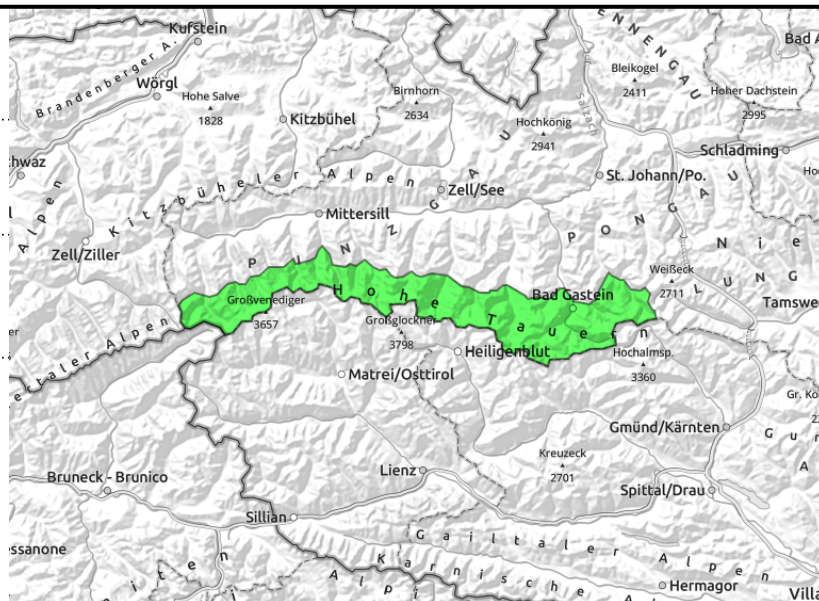
**Glocknergruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Goldberggruppe Alpenhauptkamm, Großvenedigergruppe Alpenhauptkamm**



hardly any reserves of cold, as rainfall sets in (below 2200m)



small, near ridges, in gullies, steep bowls



## Superficial avalanches in extremely steep terrain, small snowdrifts

Avalanche danger is generally LOW. Due to daytime warmth and rain impact, loose-snow avalanches isolated slab or glide-snow avalanches (small-to-medium) can trigger in extremely steep terrain. Snowdrifts occur mostly near ridgelines, usually shallow but triggerable in N/E aspects. Above 2400 m on shady slopes, isolated danger zones where large additional loading (a fall, stomping, etc.) can trigger a slab in the old snow which could grow to larger size.

### Snowpack structure

The snowpack has a melt-freeze crust in early morning which later softens. On north-facing slopes and in high alpine regions there is still loose snow. The snowfall from Tues/Wed has settled also in high alpine regions due to daytime warming. The forecast precipitation will burden the snowpack only little. The old snowpack is compact, in isolated cases a weak layer has formed around the Sahara dust, currently not triggerable or only by large additional loading, e.g. by a superficial avalanche.

### Weather

Skies Thursday night will be overcast, in the Lungau and on Main Tauern Ridge minor rainfall, snowfall above 1900 m.

On Friday, lots of cloud, the high peaks could disappear in fog especially in the Tauern. From the south, light rainfall/snowfall will set in, snowfall level at 1800-2200 m. At 2000 m: 2-5 degrees; at 3000 m: -4 degrees. Moderate southerly winds.

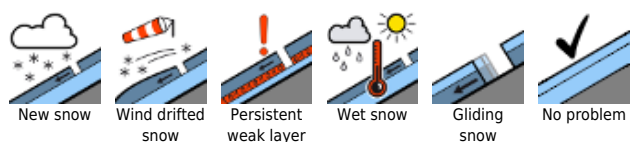
On Saturday in the Lungau and on Tauern Main Ridge overcast from the start. Further north, visibility is better. Southerly foehn will create sunny phases. In the Tauern region the foehn will be intense (40-60 km/hr in afternoon) but elsewhere no disturbance. At 2000 m: 1-4 degrees, at 3000 m: -3 degrees.

### Outlook

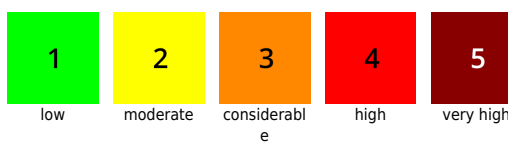
On the weekend, the wet-snow problem will dominate. In the Northern Alps still some reserves of cold on Saturday morning. In the Tauern at high alpine altitudes, fresh snowdrifts will be formed on north-facing slopes and in gullies.

Translated by Jeffrey McCabe, [www.creativtrans.com](http://www.creativtrans.com)

#### Avalanche problems



#### Danger ratings



#### Expositions

